The McKean Co. Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS AT SMETHPORT, PA.

Office—Miner Block, Church Street.

TERMS—$1.50 PER YEAR.

Rates of Advertising:

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	4 w.	5 w.	2 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 inch.	$1.50	$2.00	$2.50	$3.00	$3.50	$4.00	$5.00	$8.00	$12.00
2 inch's	2.50	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	12.00	20.00
3 inch's	3.50	4.00	5.50	6.50	8.00	10.00	12.00	16.00	28.00
¼ col.	5.00	7.00	9.00	11.00	13.00	16.00	20.00	28.00	40.00
½ col.	8.00	12.00	15.00	18.00	22.00	28.00	36.00	48.00	80.00
1 col.	12.00	18.00	24.00	30.00	36.00	42.00	50.00	80.00	120.00

Legal, Official and Transient Advertising, one square, three times or less, $3; each subsequent insertion, fifty cents.

Local Notices, ten cents per line for one insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary Notices, over five lines, ten cents per line.

Professional Cards, per year, $5.

McKean County Miner.

Established 1863. Devoted to the interests of McKean County. TERMS:—$1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOL. XV. SMETHPORT, M'KEAN COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1878. NO. 35.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and cheaply executed at the

MINER JOB ROOMS.

The office is supplied with Steam Power Presses and a complete assortment of the latest styles of type and material, and every appliance necessary for the prompt execution of

POSTERS, HANDBILLS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS, BILL HEADS,
CIRCULARS,
LETTER HEADS, PROGRAMMES,
STATEMENTS, ETC.

LEGAL BLANKS.

We make a specialty of Legal Blank Printing. We keep in stock a full line of Law and Conveyancing, Justices' and Constables' Blanks, and are prepared to print any style of Blanks on short notice. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. DELANO D. HAMLIN.

HAMLIN & SON,

LAW AND LAND OFFICE.

Smethport, Pa.

Advice as Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect Claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Instruments of all kinds.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

STEWART, BROWN, and ROSE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS

Offices at { Smethport, Bradford and Eldred

DAVID STEWART.
WM. WALLACE BROWN.
ROBT. H. ROSE.

BACKUS & GORTON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

J. C. BACKUS. SHERIDAN GORTON.

W. J. MERIKEL,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Kendall Creek, Penn'a.

P. FORD,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office: Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY,)

Port Allegany, Pa.

P. R. COTTER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Port Allegany, Pa.

G. A. BERRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER,

Office: Exchange Building, Main St.

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

O. A. HOTCHKISS,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Main St. over Parker & Melvin,

Bradford, Pa.

R. B. STONE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office with Eq. Brooks, over Pemberton's.

Bradford, Pa.

EUGENE MULLIN,

Attorney [illegible]

Main [illegible]

A. A. [illegible]

Attorney [illegible]

AND SOLICITOR OF PATENTS.

[illegible]

E. [illegible]

Attorney [illegible]

[illegible] McKean Co. Pa.

(Allegany Bridge P. O.)

Practices in the Courts of McKean, Potter and Cameron Counties.

Physicians.

S. D. FREEMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at residence, cor. Main and Byron streets,

Smethport, Pa.

E. G. BROWN,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office and rooms over the Post Office.

Smethport, Pa.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,

Resident Physician P. & E. R. R.

Main St.

Keno, Pa.

F. W. HOGARTH,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Port Allegany, Pa.

See in his store.

LEWIS BALFOUR,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Mildred, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

S. J. GIFFORD,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER,

Smethport, Pa.

CONTRACTS taken and estimates given for BRIDGE-BUILDING, and all other work in that line, at lowest rates. 15-16-tf

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

is authorized to receive subscriptions and also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

HAMLIN & GIFFORD'S STORE.

ROBT. C. BINGHAM,
Agent of the Trustees.

WELLSBORO, Dec. 24, 1873.

H. F. BARBOUR.

Steam Book and Job Printer,

Miner Block, opp. the Public Square.

Smethport, Pa.

THE MINER JOB DEPARTMENT is supplied with a new Cylinder Power Press and an Improved Quarto Medium, both of which are run by Steam Power. The office is supplied with the latest styles of Job and Fancy Type, to which constant additions are made. It is the best equipped Job Office in Northern Pennsylvania. Call and see specimens for design or prices. Legal Printing, Legal Blank and Pamphlet work, and will use it to make a book cheaper for any other house, in 10 prices or quality of work.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

BENNETT HOUSE.

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE

SMETHPORT, PA.

WM. HASKILL, Proprietor.

This House is the largest centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the corner of the square. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best arranged and most desirable House in Smethport. Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

C. H. MOORE, - - Proprietor.

Located directly opposite the Mail & B. and B. N. Y. & P. R.R. depots. The House has been recently rebuilt and newly furnished throughout, and is now a first class house.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - PROPRIETOR.

The above House has been recently Rebuilt, Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

OLEAN HOUSE.

OLEAN, N. Y.

Geo. Van Campen & Sons, Proprietors.

Centrally located, East side Main Street. First class Livery, Sample Shop and Bath Rooms attached.

GEO. VAN CAMPEN, JAS. K. VAN CAMPEN
GEO. VAN CAMPEN, Jr.

UNITED STATES HOTEL

Terrace, near Main St.,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Rates Reduced to $2.00 per Day.

[illegible] - Proprietors.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

[illegible] *Cor. Louisiana St.,*

Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

[illegible] - - Proprietor.

Bowzal's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Bowzal - Prop'r.

Fillmore House,

Cor. Michigan and Carroll Streets,

Buffalo, N. Y.

Rates reduced to $1.00 per day; single meal, 25 cents.

This house is about recently refurbished in the most modern style. It is centrally located, and within one block of the Erie, N. Y. Central, and Lake Shore depots. Street cars pass the hotel from all parts of the city continually.

R. SULLY - - Prop'r.

BRUNSWICK HOUSE.

OLEAN, N. Y.

(Opposite Union Depot.)

F. N. ARNE, : : : : Proprietor.

This House is new, and is elegantly furnished throughout and in the most centrally located Hotel in Olean.

ATLANTIC HOTEL

AND RESTAURANT,

kept on the

EUROPEAN PLAN,

MAIN STREET SQUARE, BRADFORD, PA.

G. W. SCHWENKER.

Sample Rooms attached to the House. Special Accommodations to Commercial Travelers. FREE BUS TO AND FROM ALL TRAINS.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

[illegible]

FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT,

Union St., OLEAN, N. Y.

E. U. E. O. L. A. N. [illegible]

G. W. SCHWENKER

Sample Rooms Attached to the House. Special Accommodations to Commercial Travelers. Opp. Post Office and Public Park, looking Main

NICHOL'S HOUSE.

[illegible]

ROBERTSVILLE, N. Y.

F. S. NICHOL'S : : : Proprietor.

This House, conveniently situated on MAIN ST., Corner from the depot of the cars.

FREE BUS TO AND FROM ALL TRAINS.

Miscellaneous Cards.

Dr. Bull,

A regular graduate of medicine, continues to devote special attention to all diseases of a Chronic

PRIVATE and NERVOUS NATURE.

No matter who have failed, give him a call, his system treats on Philosophical and Medical principles, and entered with medicines prepared in his own laboratory, pure, safe and reliable.

"Pamphlets, Published and Translated," English and German, 64 pages, at office free; by mail 2 stamps. Consultation at office or by mail free and confidential. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., [illegible] p. m. to 8 p. m. Address, Dr. BULL, 139 West Huron street, Buffalo, N. Y. 15-35-1y

Business Cards.

Miscellaneous.

GIES & Co.

LITHOGRAPHERS

ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS.

LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, BUSINESS CARDS, CERTIFICATES OF STOCK, INVITATIONS, WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, CHECKS AND DRAFTS

Buffalo, N Y

305 & 307 Washington Street.

J. C. HAMLIN,

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE

Stoves,

Ranges,

Shelf Furniture, Tinware

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

And every article usually found in a first class Hardware establishment.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

SMETHPORT, Pa. cor. Main & Church.

NEW DRUG Store

W. T. CALLAR,

Dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES

TOILET ARTICLES,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Etc.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at any time, Day or Night

Main St. (Brick Store.) SMETHPORT.

FURNITURE

of all kinds,

Parlor and Chamber Sets,

PICTURE FRAMES, ETC.,

of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

Mechanic St. SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Specht, Prop'r.

New Furniture Rooms.

The undersigned has opened in his new building on

Mechanic St., Near Iron Bridge,

a new Furniture Warehouse, where he will keep a full stock of

PARLOR AND CHAMBER FURNITURE,

and

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Of All Kinds.

GOOD STOCK AND FAIR PRICES.

Farmers and others [illegible] will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Alfred Stuckey

has removed his BARBER SHOP to the rear of ARMSTRONG'S DRUGSTORE, where he is prepared to do

Shaving & Hair-Dressing

in the highest style of the art.

A supply of COLLARS, CUFFS, and toilet goods constantly on hand.

Hair Dressing.

HAIR SWITCHES, made from combings, puffs, frizes, &c., made to order in the most

DURABLE

and

LATEST STYLES.

Ladies are invited to call at her residence in Mechanicsburg.

15-35-3m MRS. JANE LUCAS.

W. S. BROWNELL,

Dealer in

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc.

SMETHPORT, PENNA.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

In the basement of the Wright House,

SMETHPORT, PA.

The undersigned having purchased of Wm. Ogilvie the good will and fixtures of his meat market would respectfully announce to the citizens of Smethport that they are prepared to furnish

FRESH AND SALT MEATS,

Fish, Lard, etc.,

as low as the market will allow of goods and prices is invited.

A continuation of

P. C. & A. WRIGHT.

Proprietors.

FRESH MILK

Delivered daily by Carrying.

THE undersigned having established a regular route for the supply of fresh milk to the people of Smethport and vicinity, solicits the patronage of the community.

GEO. W. KING.

E. W. PAYNE & SONS,

CORNING, N. Y.

Established in 1845

Eureka Safety Power

h.p.	cyl.	ht.	space.	wt.	price
2	5½	24	40in	40x30	800	$1250
4	6½	36	50x30	1650	1750
6	7x7	72	72x42	2700	2500

Also, Spark Arresting Portables and Stationary Engines for Planta tions. Send for Circulars. 15-19

SELECT POETRY.

Potter, in a Pet.

TO HIS PET PERSIMMON.

James Anderson, my Jim-Jam,
When we were first acquainted,
I just was fain enough to think
You might turn out a saint!
But, sez I've come to know you now,
I'm no use fulish, Jim!
You're precious little like a saint;
A deil mair like a limb!

James Anderson, my dingdong,
What 'ave ye cum to now—
Ye said, ye'd been enough for both,
And, faith, you said but true!
Nae scurtin' lad is a' the town
As had mair brass than ye.
I stummat think that, brass for brass,
You'd mair than S. J. T.

James Anderson, my Jim-jam,
I've found ye out, too late!
Ye've shamed me, lad, before town.
Now, leave me to my fate!
Ye promised me a bonny lot
Of rascal lies, and fraud,
And swore, ye'd bring me frae the South,
A false returning board!

Ye promised me John Sherman's head,
And other pretty toys
And swore, that I should hear from France
A sweet, setterious Noyes!
Matthews was mine, for sure, and mair—
Ye vowed, in various phrase,
That Tilden's son should shine for all,
Obscured no more by Hayes!

Not one of these foul fairings, Jim,
Has ever blessed my eyes;
Even Mrs. Jenks is false, methinks,
And good folk me despise.
No more on ye, James Anderson,
I'll turn a friendly eye,
I've had a dose will last my life,
Of Fraud and Perjury!

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Day of Hope.

The Nation has triumphed. Its honor has resisted fierce and repeated assaults. The silver craze was robbed of its power to bankrupt the country. Every attack upon the Resumption act was repulsed. Even the efforts to cripple the Secretary by indirection, and thus to make resumption more difficult, have been beaten in every particular save one; and if he finds it necessary to exercise other powers which remain with him, it will be a matter of no consequence that the formal retirement of legal-tenders during the next six months has been stopped. He has declared that he will try to "keep in circulation all legal-tenders *that* "can be maintained at par in coin," and thus shows that, with sound legal sense, he regards all late amendments as to be interpreted in harmony with the main object of the Resumption act, and with the refusal of Congress to repeal that act. Hence the Fort bill, requiring him to "keep in circulation" the legal-tenders now outstanding, must be constructed as requiring only that they shall not be cancelled, but held on the Treasury books as still outstanding, and ready to be used, like ordinary balances in the Treasury, whenever they can be so used at par in coin, and without causing depreciation. This opinion of the Secretary shows the harmlessness of every change made in the law at this session. It is his first duty to place and maintain the legal-tenders at par in coin. It will do no harm for him to keep in circulation whatever amount of notes can thus be maintained at par.

Added to all the great joy in the fact that, after a trying campaign of eight months, in which, as in the campaign of the Wilderness, there were many dark days when it seemed that defenders of the Nation and its honor must suffer defeat, the end is victory. Not a single change materially affecting the coinage [illegible] has been effected. For we do not regard the silver bill which passed having any material effect, either to increase the difficulty of resumption or to endanger its maintenance. Experience proves that the people do not want and will not take the silver dollar for any other purposes than for payment of duties, and the Secretary has ample power, and holds it his duty, to prevent any such issue of silver in place of legal-tenders, while the latter are below par, as would result in the indirect payment of duties with legal-tenders. Direct acceptance of legal-tenders as equivalent to gold notes can be justified or intended to make them equivalent, but only when the Secretary is satisfied that the end can thus be accomplished. After resumption, as before, room can be made for the circulation of silver dollars, merely as subsidiary coins, by the gradual withdrawal of small notes. It is important, for the immediate welfare of the country, to understand fully that the storm has passed, and that both the Secretary rightly equipped and abundantly empowered to accomplish that resumption of specie payments for which everything in the domestic and foreign commerce of the country is fortunately preparing.

Common and industry may also rejoice that every effort to meddle with the tariff has been defeated; that the attempts to cripple the Treasury by cutting down the tobacco tax have failed; that all efforts to break down the National bank system or impair its usefulness have failed; and that the Government goes forward to a new year with its credit in no way reduced by legislation, and with expenditures increased, indeed, by some knavish jobs, but probably not more than the revenues may expand with the vanishing of impending uncertainties and recuperation of business. It is still somewhat doubtful how the repeal of the bankrupt law may work. In other respects, there is solid ground before us for the next six months.

To every man in the land it is cause for congratulation that so little mischief has been done. With most thorough and hearty intent to do evil, incalculable in amount, and affecting every industry and business, this Congress has been unable to do much, partly because of the incapacity of those who tried to lead, and partly because of the patience, keen watchfulness and superior ability of the men who have defended the public honor and welfare. Here was the vital point of danger. To the financial and industrial interests of the country this Congress might have done and threatened to do immeasurable injury. All other mischief that it has done can be borne; let us be thankful that the key of the battle-field has been saved, and that recovery of industry and trade, and future prosperity, may now depend upon the exactions and thrift of the people, the great resources of the country, and the Providential goodness that gives rare harvests and large markets, and no longer upon the doubtful chance of a daily struggle between the public faith and desperate repudiators. The time for revival or confidence has come. The commerce and industry of the country, though checked during these weary months of trial, have been maintained in surprising volume. Nature still holds out generous promise for the Fall. The outer world still increases its demands for our products. With security and confidence, we may now hope for renewed energy of producers, redoubled activity in markets, revived confidence of capitalists, and a steady progress toward the long-delayed prosperity.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Suggestions to School Directors.

School directors can do much to improve the schools in their respective districts; they have control of the schools and teachers, and can do as they choose, with the exception of the limits placed upon them by law; they can build houses, buy or rent land for school purposes, hire teachers, fix the salary of the same, adopt text books, etc., and in many things have almost absolute power. In many townships the custom of hiring teachers by one member of the board has become very injurious to the schools. In some districts the custom has obtained of assigning certain schools to certain directors, and each director hires the teacher regardless of certificate or license.

We know of teachers being hired without being asked whether he or she has a certificate from the County Superintendent, or no. This should not be permitted by the board. A director or board of Directors should never permit any teacher to go into a school until they have seen the certificate the teacher holds. This should be done, not only for the benefit of the school and teacher, but also for the safety of the directors. "The employment of a teacher without a valid certificate from the county superintendent is illegal," for the law states: "No teacher shall be employed in any branch of learning other than those enumerated in his or her certificate." The certificate is a safe guide in selecting teachers in regard to professional standing, and the grading of salaries in proportion to the figures in the certificate is a wise and beneficial rule. The rule of accepting those with the best certificates—moral characters being right—will soon exclude the incompetent and render the task of selecting easy.

A teacher may be selected by one member of the board, under a special arrangement in the district—*but in such cases the teacher is not legally hired till the selection is ratified by the board, and the fact entered on the minutes.*

A teacher should not be permitted to go into a school without a written or printed agreement. Much difficulty would be avoided if this suggestion were followed. Holidays, institutes, and teachers' associations should be provided for. These suggestions cannot be too rigidly enforced—especially the one in regard to holding valid certificates from the proper county superintendent, and grading the salaries according to the numbers in the certified.

The penalty for not keeping open the schools the proper length of time provided by law, and employing teachers not holding proper certificates, is the forfeiture of the State appropriation. The President of the board is required to swear that the schools have been kept open, and that no teacher has been employed—who has not a valid certificate from the proper county superintendent.

These are no new suggestions, but old ones—reiterated so that the new boards of directors may not make any mistakes in their duties. We hope directors will see that the law in regard to these things are enforced. It is their business to do this business, and it should be done in a business like manner.

We know it will be much more convenient and pleasant for all concerned, to perform these duties properly—and it will improve our school system and make it what should be.—*Bradford County Reporter.*

In Washington the son of a prominent statesman sent this letter to a young lady: "Dear Miss—I want you to come around to our house if you can't get any body to come around to your house and fetch you around to our house I will go around to your house and fetch you around to our house." The young lady is said to have been saying to have said that she was said to have said, that she said, saying, that is to have said, that she said she said she was about to say that she was about coming around to our house. Oh, nix come our house, any way.

WOMAN tempted man to eat, but he took to drink himself.

The New Game and Fish Law.

The Legislature, at the session just closed, passed the following new "Game and Fish Law," which we publish for the information of those of the MINER readers who are interested in hunting or fishing:

The amended act prohibits the killing of hares or rabbits between the first of January and the 12th day of October, under a penalty of five dollars.

It provides that no person shall kill or have in their possession any wild fowl between the 15th of May and first of September, under a penalty of ten dollars.

Grass plovers cannot be killed between the first of January and the 15th of July, under ten dollars penalty.

Woodcock cannot be killed between the 1st of January and 4th of July. Penalty ten dollars.

The killing or exposing for sale partridges or quail, between the 1st of January and the 15th of October is prohibited.

Pheasants cannot be killed between January 1st and October 1st. Pheasant hunting at night is also prohibited. Penalty ten dollars.

Shooting or killing rail or reed birds is prohibited, except in the months of September, October and November. Penalty five dollars.

No person shall kill at any time (except for scientific investigation) any night hawk, whip-poor will, sparrow, thrush, lark, finch, martin, chimney swallow, barn swallow, wood-pecker, flicker, robin, oriole, red or cardinal bird, or any other insectivorous bird. Penalty five dollars.

Pheasants, partridges, woodcock, rail or reed birds not to be caught with traps, nets, snares or torchlights. Penalty ten dollars.

No hunting, shooting or fishing on Sunday. Penalty twenty-five dollars.

Trout fishing, except with rod, hook and line, except for propagation, prohibited. Penalty twenty-five dollars. Brook trout fishing prohibited, except during the months of April, May, June and July. Penalty ten dollars.

Fish baskets, gill nets, pond nets, eel wires, kiddies, brush or facine nets, or any other permanently set means of taking fish, prohibited. Penalty twenty-five dollars.

Fishing with seines prohibited. Penalty twenty-five dollars.

Fishing with hoop nets, in streams not inhabited by trout, with nets of not less than an inch in size, is allowed. Persons catching any trout, bass, pike or pickerel in such nets, must return them to the water, under twenty-five dollars penalty.

Bass fishing prohibited between the 1st of January and 1st of June. Bass can be taken or killed only with a hook and line, scroll or spear. Penalty ten dollars.

Catching bass or trout in nets, by drawing of waters, prohibited; placing poisonous bait, quick lime, giant powder or substances in the waters of the commonwealth prohibited. Penalty fifty dollars.

Bass of less than six inches in length not to be caught, or, if caught, must be returned to the water. Penalty ten dollars.

Actions for penalties under this act to be brought before justices of the peace. In default of payment of fines, offenders shall be committed to prison not less than one day for each dollar of fines imposed. Mayors, burgesses and police officers are to see that the law is observed.

Struck by Lightning.

The telegraph office at Carpenters, a few miles south of Canton, on the Northern Central, was struck by lightning Sunday afternoon and badly used up. The lightning came in the office on the wire, and reaching the upper wires melted them, ruining all the instruments and injuring the building. The shock is described as being like an explosion in character. The entire bay window was thrown out, breaking every pane of glass except one. The ceiling in the room was lifted bodily up, doors were torn open, etc. Among the curious freaks may be mentioned that a lamp globe in the office was beautifully plated with copper; a calendar hanging up behind the wires had the figures on it bronzed over in a manner superior to art, but the paper was untouched; the office clock had the outside torn off, but the works remain unhurt. Had it happened on a week day we should have had a more serious accident to report, as it happened at a time of day when the office is generally full of train men. Strangely enough, it was the only flash of lightning there was in that vicinity that day.—*Williamsport Gazette.*

The New Dog Law.

The dog law passed at the last session of the Pennsylvania Legislature makes all dogs personal property; for whatever damage they do their owners shall be liable, even for the costs and attorneys' fees, if the suits be taken to court. An annual tax of fifty cents on male and one dollar on female dogs will be levied, which will be kept in a separate account by the county treasurer, from which owners of sheep shall be compensated when dogs deplete their droves, provided that the owners of the dogs cannot be ascertained. If discovered the latter must make good the loss. Assessors are required to take an account of all dogs in their districts, with the names of the owners. If at the end of the year the amount of money in the hands of the county treasurer from this source exceeds a given sum, the surplus is to be divided among the school districts. The adoption of this law is made optional in counties. A ballot shall be taken not oftener than once in two years, upon its acceptance or rejection, and it will remain with the voters to pronounce upon the merits of the measure.

Auditors' Reports.

We copy the following from the Jersey Shore *Herald*, in relation to the publication of township accounts by the Auditors thereof:

A good deal of discussion is going on in regard to the publication of the accounts of boroughs and townships. We have heretofore published the several laws in relation to this question, and therefore deem it unnecessary to do so again. The law plainly requires the Auditors of the several boroughs and townships to publish a statement of their accounts respectively at the close of each fiscal year, which previous to 1878 was in June. We so stated in previous years but there were persons, and lawyers too, who had not given the subject a minute's attention, who argued that the law did not require any publication other than a written statement posted up in the borough or township. A case was tried in Northumberland County, involving a neglect of Auditors to publish in the papers, and after a thorough examination, the Court decided against the Auditor's and fined them $20 each. In Allegheny County, a like case was tried, and with a like result. It was all along clear to us that publication in the papers was necessary. The reason why people thought a publication by written or printed statement put up in the borough or township was a sufficient compliance with the law, was because the act of 1874 so stated it, but the proviso to the act says as follows:

Nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the present law, which requires annual statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Borough Councils, Road Commissioners, Supervisors, Overseers of the Poor, and School Directors to be advertised in the weekly papers of the county.

From this it is clear that the written or printed statement to put up in the borough or township is a publication in addition to the publication in the newspapers for were it not so the act itself would be practically of no effect. Several laws have been passed bearing upon this subject since 1874, and the whole of them sum up thus:

First—The Auditors are required in each borough and township to settle annual accounts thereof, and publish the same not only in newspapers, but also by written or printed statements put up in the most public places in the boroughs and townships, and as soon after the close of the fiscal year, which is on the first Monday in April, as possible.

Second—If the borough or township is in debt, has a funded or floating debt, it must be included in the statement, together with the valuation of property, &c., and published in at least two newspapers, and embraced in the written or printed statement also.

It is necessary that the Auditors of the respective boroughs and townships should go to work at once and settle the accounts as they are in duty bound to do, and have them published as the law directs. When the borough or township has no indebtedness, neglect to publish incurs a fine of twenty dollars, but if the borough or township is in debt, the neglect incurs a fine of one thousand dollars. We would advise those who read this article to cut this out and preserve it, so that it may be had for reference.

What a Greenback Is.

The following is an extract of a speech made by Mr. Chase soon after the termination of the war:

"What is a greenback? Why, it is simply the credit of the great American people put in the form of money, to circulate among the very people whose credit it makes worth anything. When I was Secretary of the Treasury, the question arose, how should these vast armies and navies be supplied? How should the boys in the field be fed, the sailors and ships, and provisions made for their support, their clothing, their food, and their transportation? I found that the banks of the country suspended specie payment. What was I to do? The banks wanted me to borrow their credit or pay them interest in gold on their credit. They did not pay any gold or propose to pay any themselves, but they wanted me to buy their notes. I said no, gentlemen, this great American people is worth all of you put together; and I will take the credit of the people and cut it up in little bits of paper. This is the true idea of a greenback. It is the credit and the property of the American people, made to serve the purpose of money in the midst of a great strife when we must have everything we can get. And, in my humble judgment, if out of this war this currency becomes as is provided in our platform, so that no western farmer or merchant will be obliged to pay tribute to the east in his exchange; so that we shall not lose upon our exchange so large a profit upon our industry; so that the laborer receives his dollar, or two dollars, or dozen dollars, at the end of the day or week; and shall be perfectly sure that it will not turn to dust and ashes before the morning still rises. I say if you can get such a sound currency as this, then this currency at least has not been without one of the collateral benefits of the war; you can take the money on the Atlantic and go to the Pacific, and pay your bills all the way, without having to change the currency at every tavern you stop at.

If the government was administered as it should be, with proper rigor and economy, every dollar in greenbacks would be as good as a dollar in gold."

Look most to your spending. No matter what comes in, if more goes out you will always be poor. The art is not in making money but in keeping it; little expenses, like mice in a large barn, when they are many, make great waste. Hair by hair heads get bald; straw by straw the thatch goes off the cottage, and drop by drop the rain comes into the chamber. A barrel is soon empty if the top leaks but a drop a minute; when you mean to save begin with your mouth: many things pass down the red lane. In all other things keep within compass. Never stretch your legs farther than the blankets will stretch, or you will soon be cold. In clothes, choose suitable and lasting stuff, and not tawdry finery. To be warm is the main thing; never mind the looks. A fool may make money, but it needs a wise man to save it. Remember it is easier to build two chimneys than to keep one going. If you give all to back and board, there is nothing left for the savings bank. Fare hard and work while you are young, and you will have a chance to rest when you are old.

In June men move their families out of large, high, airy rooms in the city, into perspiring little attics in low-browed farm houses. This move is called "going to the country for health."

Among Our Exchanges.

THE Olean *Times* threatens to issue a daily soon.

AN official order has been issued changing the name of Genesee station to Wellsville.

THE scarcity of hides is the occasion of a temporary suspension of business at the Limestone tannery.

IT is rumored that the whereabouts of Col. W. H. H. Russel is known to many parties of Allegany county.

THE Greenback candidate for Governor, S. R. Mason, fired his first gun at Williamsport last week Tuesday evening.

THE annual State editorial jamboree took place at Cresson Springs last week. Very few working editors were present.

THE Weston Brothers run over a million feet of logs week before last, and last week "cleaned up" nearly a million more.

LIMESTONE has a well of water 183 feet deep, which, worked by a mule team, produces fifteen barrels of water per hour.

THE Hammondsport *Herald* says the damage to the grape crop in that vicinity by the frosts will not exceed one per cent.

THE Commissioners of Northampton county have agreed to exonerate from tax all personages and five acres of land attached thereto.

AN immense strawberry crop was entirely destroyed by repeat rains in the Cattawissa valley, the fruit rotting as fast as it ripened.

THE sheriff's sales in Allegheny county for this month fill seven columns of the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, the longest ever before published at one time.

THE wool clip of Washington county is reported as a very profitable one this season, notwithstanding prices have been reduced as low as thirty cents.

A YOUNG man named Wm. Hart was recently sent to Little Valley jail from Allegany, on a charge of committing an assault on a little girl five years old.

THE Cattaraugus *Gazette*, the first Greenback organ of Cattaraugus county, has expired for want of support. The Olean *Record* has the field to itself now.

THERE is talk of building another Bazar of Nations in Pittsburgh. It would be wiser to devote the money to repairing the damage done by the rioters last summer.

TELEGRAPH poles are being distributed along the line of the proposed pipe line, in Indiana county. Contracts are also being made for digging the trench, and hauling the pipe.

UNIONTOWN was without whisky for five days by reason of the licenses of the hotels there expiring last week, and the court declined to grant them anew until last Monday.

S. R. MASON, the Greenback candidate for Governor carries a gold headed cane. But the matter is satisfactorily explained from the fact that it was a present from a Sunday school.

THE Governor has approved the bill appropriating $5000 for the erection of a monument over ex-Governor Geary's grave. Does any one in this vicinity arise to object?

AN incurable disease is said to have broken out among the cows in the southern portion of Berks county, being an inflammation of the eyes, resulting in many cases in blindness.

THE Greenback organ at Elmira has been closed up by the Garretts, of Syracuse, who held a mortgage on it. They didn't succeed in getting enough greenbacks to pay their honest debts.

ALEXANDER MCLAIN sued the Parker *Daily* for libel and is now languishing in the Butler jail in default of the payment of costs. This should be a warning to others who feel themselves aggrieved.

SINCE our last report 435 car loads of crude oil, about 40,000 barrels, have been shipped from here on the B. N. Y. & P. Road. The largest shipment yet made occurred on Monday last, when 113 cars, 10,220 barrels, were forwarded.—*Olean Times.*

THERE are fears of a revolt in the Democratic ranks in old Columbia county. There are only six candidates for Prothonotary, and the leaders are fearing a combination of the bolters, Greenbackers and Republicans that will knock the State ticket out of time.

THE funny man of the Elmira *Gazette* says: "There's one thing an editor is always exempt from, and that's a breach of promise suit. With all the faults of our female friends, we never yet heard of one that was foolish enough to send good money after bad, suing an editor for the privilege of starving to death."

A YOUNG man named F. J. Goodwin working in Wm. Gifford's saw mill at Emporium was fatally injured several days ago. While turning logs, one of them turned suddenly toward him and struck a lever he had in his hands, throwing it against him with such force as to knock him down, injuring him internally.

WORK was begun on a new test well at Whitesville, which is a fact we are glad to record. The well recently put down at that place was far from satisfactory as a test. The new well is located about one-half mile up the stream from the other, and thirty days is expected to settle the question of oil or no oil at Whitesville.—*Wellsville Reporter.*

THE newly elected county school Superintendent of Cameron county, N. H. Schieck, has been undergoing a rigid investigation by a commission appointed by State Superintendent Wickersham.—He is charged with intercepting a letter to his opponent in the canvass and with using money to secure his election. The evidence is rather damaging. Case not concluded at this writing.

THE McKEAN MINER.

H. F. Barbour - - - Editor.

Smethport, Pa., June 27, 1878.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,

HON. HENRY M. HOYT,

OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

For Lieutenant Governor,

HON. CHARLES W. STONE,

OF WARREN COUNTY.

For Judge Supreme Court,

HON. JAMES P. STERRETT,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,

HON. AARON K. DUNKEL,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. V. CHADWICK, of Smethport borough, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of McKean county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of F. M. FULLER, of Bradford township, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of McKean county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Having nothing to defend, let us not go upon the defensive. Being right, gentlemen, let us be aggressive.—GEN. H. M. HOYT.

TOO MUCH CONGRESS.

What is a republic without a Congress? Another question, and one no less serious, is, What is a republic with a Congress? Experience may teach that it is like a man having a wolf by the ears. The situation is bad either way; between holding on and letting go there is not much to choose. Congress wanted to do more mischief than it has actually done, but we will judge it as leniently as possible in virtue of some happy escapes we have made.

On account of the socialist excitement, not to speak of other reasons, Congress ought not to have opened the Presidential question. Now, if ever, the country wants composure. The labor riots and lazaroni outrages of last July are to this country what the attempted assassination of the king is to Germany, an indication and warning of danger to existing institutions and national tranquility. If anything bearing upon the riot question must be done, it should have been in the interests of peace and the enforcement of the laws as they are, as required by the substancial interests of the country; but on the contrary, we have the spectacle of a Congress strengthening the hands of the lawless by efforts to reduce the army, and restrain it from becoming an instrument for suppressing armed violence. In the heated discussions about the army, both sides evidently looked to the possibility of its use in 1880, when another presidential election will be decided. The House of Representatives gave aid and comfort to the striking and communistic class, and showed itself more in sympathy with tramps than with property men, merchants, and manufacturers.

While the industries of the country need encouragement, Congress was with difficulty kept from further crippling them. It has wasted time in efforts to impose an odious income tax, and to open wider the door between the motley host of whisky drinkers and their whisky. It has lent its influence to visionary schemes for inflating the currency, and keeping it afloat like a balloon that is never to return to terra firma. Instead of a national and patriotic body, it has resolved itself into an arena for political strife and manœuvering, pressing its advantage for sectional chastisement and humiliation.

But the day of adjournment finally came, and we are thankful that the time to work serious mischief is passed. Our home industry is not yet destroyed, and business is not yet unsettled by revolutionary proceedings. Let the adjournment of Congress be the signal for a general effort to make the best of the situation, and to bring about, before another Congress meets, an era of great commercial prosperity.—*Price Current.*

KING WILLIAM decides to spare the lives of the men who attempted his assassination, holding that the class to which they belong can be won over only by kindness and clemency, and that to kill the men would be to give them the dignity of martyrs. Perhaps this is wisdow; but it is doubtful if the class is to be won over by any policy that may be adopted. If there should be further attempts at assassination, however, it is quite likely that the people will take the matter in hand, so far as the assassins are concerned, without giving the courts or the Emperor himself a chance to take any action whatever.—Buffalo *Express.*

IN THE department of "Letters from the People" we give Mr. A. L. Kern an opportunity to undertake a reply to an able article published in our issue of the 13th inst. We cannot comply with the gentleman's modest request to publish his article in our editorial columns, the same as the article to which it attempts to reply, for the simple reason that we do not and cannot give it editorial endorsement. It is a sufficient strain upon our good nature and courtesy to publish it at all.

ALL agitation of financial questions dies with Congress; and now, by the silent though unerring laws of trade, the subject will be properly disposed of. Business has been groaning for eight months to be "let alone" by the financial tinkers in Congress, and it at last finds itself in that happy condition.

NERVOUS and timid people will breathe easier, now that the five and a half millions for the fishery award has been appropriated by Congress. There's this good quality about Uncle Sam: Although he fumes and swears a little when overreached in a trade, he pays his bills like a little man.

FOR having served a few weeks in an emergency military organization, Dill's friends claim great credit for him as a Union soldier. But his old friends in the South claim greater credit for him as a rebel sympathizer during the civil war, for having acted in all things with the Democratic party while it struggled to give aid and comfort to treason. There is nothing like giving a man credit for all his deeds.

THE bequests of Mr. Bryant's will, otherwise than to his daughters, are four acres of land and $3,000 in money to the overseer of his estate, Mr. George B. Cline, and $200 to the latter's son. All the rest of the property, including Mr. Bryant's interest in the *Evening Post*, is equally divided between the daughters. If either daughter dies childless her share goes to the surviving sister, and it is especially directed that the property given the daughters shall be settled in such a manner as to be free from all intermeddling or control of the husband of either.

JEFFERSON DAVIS has written a letter to the Chairman of the Mississippi Democratic State Committee, wherein he says he has always held, and still holds, that a State has a right to secede from the Union, but that he recognized it as a dangerous thing to do before it was done. "The creed," he says, "which I adopted early in life has been tenaciously adhered to down to the present hour. If I was not the first to plunge into the conflict, I am among the last to withdraw from it." True enough. But if Mr. Davis would drop his talk about secession his political friends would be much happier than they are now.—*Buffalo Express.*

AT A business meeting in Plymouth Church last Friday night, Brother Halliday arose and read the report of the examining committee in Mrs. Tilton's case. The committee reports that the charges of unchristian conduct and violation of her covenant obligations had been fully sustained and recommend that she be excommunicated from communion and fellowship of the church. The report was accepted and adopted unanimously. The members had a general handshaking all around and congratulated themselves that the scandal was settled at last. The clerk refused to give any information as to the nature of Mrs. Tilton's reply to the committee.

FOUR large boilers in the puddle mills of the Chesapeake Nail Works exploded between three and four o'clock on Tuesday morning. The mill was almost entirely demolished. Mr. Chambers, the foreman, was instantly killed; Henry Neis, John Hess, Geo. Frank and John Hetrick were badly scalded. One of the boilers was carried over the adjacent mill, sixty-five feet in height, and landed in a field about 350 feet distant. Another was blown through the top of the mill into a brick warehouse. The third was carried into another warehouse, badly damaging the building, and the fourth was torn to pieces. The loss is from $12,000 to $15,000. No cause is assigned.

MR. VANDERBILT has secured control of the Michigan Central Railroad, as pretty much everybody expected. The question is what will he do with it? It is hard to see how he can deal with strict impartiality between its stockholders and those of its rival, the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, which line he also controls. But there may be a pooling arrangement that would work beneficially to both roads, and particularly to the New York Central, of which both will now be obedient auxiliaries. Having secured the Canada Southern previously, Mr. Vanderbilt now practically controls two double tracks between New York and Chicago, both via Buffalo, and also a strong line of propellers between Buffalo and Chicago. The Great Western and Suspension Bridge route must suffer by the new arrangement; but it should work very advantageously for Buffalo, as it undoubtedly will, if the enormous business of Mr. Vanderbilt's lines can be afforded the needed facilities for getting across the town.—*Express.*

HON. WM. ARMSTRONG, announces his withdrawal from the National party and his determination to support the Republican party and its candidates. He says he went before the National Convention as an advocate of the principles of the Greenback party, and if the wishes of the Greenbackers in the convention had predominated he would have been the nominee for Governor. But, as it is, the National party is now under control of the communistic elements of the State, and he cannot affiliate with any set of men who support the doctrines of the Commune. Mr. Armstrong says he is aware that his withdrawal will be misconstrued, and that he will be charged with treachery, but he maintains that his present position is the only safe one for the man who loves law and order to occupy, and he will do so regardless of the consequences to himself. He is firm in the Greenback faith and will go into any movement for the advancement of Greenback principles, but the platform the National party have adopted he can never assent to.

HENDRICK B. WRIGHT has all his life been an office-hunter by profession, and a shifting politician by nature. He is an Oily Gammon of the old school, vapid, visionary, jealous, petulant and utterly impractical as a statesman. During the session of Congress which has just adjourned, he made the most preposterous propositions to relieve the "suffering of labor," and subjected himself and his constituents repeatedly to the ridicule and contempt of his colleagues. We have not the record at hand to verify our belief, but we do believe it may be safely said that the old man did not propose a single measure which was adopted, and scarcely offered a resolution or any matter of business that was correct. In reality, he was an impediment to legislation; a garrulous participant in debate—somnolent in committee, and most known as an objector to the progress of legitimate business. Yet in the face of these facts, a constituency located in the great coal and iron region of the State is willing to send this old man impractical back to Congress, where he can be of no credit to himself, and no benefit to his constituents. While the people of Pennsylvania districts are thus infatuated they may expect to fail in securing from Congress such legislation as is deemed necessary for the advancement of their material interests. There are scores of able, practical and energetic men in the Luzerne district who would make splendid representatives, but who are kept in the back-ground by the mad folly of the people in that region rushing into the arms of a broken down old man with just sufficient force to play the demagogue.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE public at once loses its interest when Anderson declares that he is tired of lying.

A SQUAD of policemen will be necessary presently to keep Mr. Potter's committeemen from blackening each other's eyes.

CHARLES MATTHEWS, the celebrated comedian, died at London, England, last Monday. He was a great favorite in the United States.

QUEEN MERCEDES, the young queen of Spain, is lying dangerously ill at Madrid. Her ailment is gastric fever, and her life is dispaired of.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS was met with booming cannon, the music of a brass band, and a crowd, on his return home to Augusta, Ga.

IF MR. POTTER has no better luck than he is having at present he will be likely to imitate his predecessor Glover, and decline to make any report whatever.

SOMEBODY says that the Republican party must succeed with the aid of the Administration, or not at all. With or without the Administration, it will succeed.

BY a bill which passed the House of Congress, pensioners who have become totally blind through wounds received while in the service, have their pensions raised from $50 to $72 per month.

MR. WATTERSON calls Mr. Hewitt a blatherskite, and Mr. Hewitt dubs Mr. Watterson a liar. When two such distinguished men disagree, the truth will have to be searched for at the bottom of a well.

ONE hundred and thirty men and fifty women have thus far been arrested in the Paris Exposition for pocket picking, and a large number from London have also been arrested at Calais and Boulogne on their way to Paris.

THE Democrats of Oregon prove to have elected their Governor by a plurality—not a majority—of 54 votes and their Congressman by a majority of 270 votes. If this is a verdict against fraud it is a very feeble one.

SOUTHERN members of Congress, known as ex-rebel brigadier generals, propose to take the stump for re-election on the merit that they pushed the Southern claim business with great success, and that their re-election is necessary to secure the appropriation of that vast sum of money. And so it is—but what, in the face of this fact, is necessary for the people of the North?

IN A spasmodic fit of reform the Democratic house of representatives discharged Doorkeeper Polk for swindling the government, and then, on the last night of the session, in the midst of a drunken revelry, passed a bill giving him two months' extra pay as a token of its appreciation of the man. Is this what is called "reform?" The people should kick the whole gang out as unworthy of occupying seats in the lawmaking branch of the government. That would be genuine reform.

THE Hon. Hendrick B. Wright gives as the chief reason for his renomination for Congress that he "always distributes bread on every New Year's day to the deserving poor of his district, and they do not forget small favors." He predicts that he will have 10,000 majority, and declares that the "toiling millions will have in me a friend." Mr. Wright's idea of being a faithful friend to the aforesaid millions seems to be to make a spectacle of himself every chance he gets. The only thing he did for them at the last session was to put the country to the expense of lighting the Capitol for half a night solely that he might make a speech to the slumbering pages and a distracted Speaker *pro tem.*

STATE NEWS.

Fayette county is famous for illicit distilleries.

All the bridges on the Pennsylvania railroad are being painted.

Judge Chase, a well-known citizen, died at Titusville on the 18th inst.

At the Scranton sale next Wednesday 50,000 tons of coal will be offered.

The railroads running through Erie op never were duller than they are now.

The Lehigh Valley railroad co. will pay a quarterly dividend of 1 per ct. July 15th.

Two thousand persons attended a Jewish excursion from Manch Chunk to New York last week.

The annual parade of the Meadville fire department has been postponed until September 19th.

The steam fire engine tournament at Huntingdon on the 4th of July will be a grand affair.

In a number of localities horse races will be a feature of the honors paid to Independence Day.

The Pennsylvania railroad shops at Huntingdon are used as a resort for Sunday card playing.

The Jersey Shore Herald has discovered that "printer's ink will keep the hinges of store doors loose."

Bishop Kerfoot, of the Pittsburg Episcopal diocese, left New York Thursday for a tour of Europe.

Last week the employees in all the individual and corporation collieries in Carbon co. were paid up to date.

Mr. Eli Moyer, farming the Stetson farm, near Womelsdorf a Guinea hen's nest containing 184 eggs.

Allegheny Commandery, Knights Templar, will leave Pittsburg for a European pilgrimage on the 1st of July.

There is a reduction in the price of milk in many parts of the State. The reduction has not reached this section.

Milton will partake of a free dinner on the 4th of July. The town will be decorated under the direction of a general committee.

Repeated attempts have lately been made by prisoners in the Lebanon jail to force their release, but the desperadoes have failed in their efforts.

The poisoning of dogs is becoming very common in the Cumberland valley. It is an inhuman way of venting spite on a brute, frequently prompted by hate of its owner.

Some idea of the fall in price of real estate is had in the fact that the Herdic House, Williamsport, which cost, ground and furniture, $300,000, when up at marshal's sale only received a bid of $33,000. It was withdrawn.

The hotel keepers of Womelsdorf, Berks co., have put down the whiskey drinks to five cents a glass. There will be no emigration from that locality westward, after this promise of prosperity and liberality in home industry.

Letters from the People.

[Articles in this department are published solely by courtesy of the editor, bearing neither his endorsement or condemnation. While this department is open to the public, we reserve to accept or reject articles as our judgment or private likes dictates.]

"WHAT IS MONEY?"

Mr. Kern Answers the Question.

To the Editor of the Miner:

In your issue of the 13th inst., you published an editorial credited to the Philadelphia *Produce Reporter*, and entitled "What is Money?" You further call attention to the same as an antidote to the poisonous theories of finance with which some of our exchanges are now flooded, and commend it as containing simple, solid facts that cannot be obscured by an avalanche of visionary twaddle.

It is, indeed, a great misfortune that all those who write such articles for the public print, insist upon applying to every theory of finance the false principles that form a prominent part of the old system. The defects are not in the new theory, but in the standards by which it is judged. I quote from an exchange, which says: "Paper money has had to take all the curses for the defects of specie basis. Heaven knows there has been abundant reason for curses, but in the future they will be directed upon the real culprit and not upon its substitute—upon the hard money,—not upon the soft."

It is stated that "paper credits only usurp the functions of money." Now, paper credits form the permanent feature desired by the bankers who advocate the perpetuation of the specie currency. They desire that the currency or coin issued by the government should be restricted within the smallest possible limits, in order that their own notes may circulate among the people. They assume, therefore, that their bank issues are money. This is the first falsity. These notes are only the promise to pay money. No lawful money was ever in existence except it was issued directly from the national government. The bankers, therefore, in assuming to issue money are the parties guilty of the usurpation. They have usurped a right that reposes alone with the government. The constitution expressly declares this. When the writer states, therefore, that paper credits usurp the functions of money, he is correct, if he means the issues of the banks, the issues of all corporations or individuals. We have no exception to take to this statement, but the language in which he makes the statement is ambiguous and calculated to deceive the reader. All issues, whether stamped by the government on metal or paper, and which is by law made a full legal tender, constitute lawful money. All others are not lawful money, and therefore usurpations. Now the National Greenback party claims that no other money shall be allowed in circulation except lawful money, that it should all be issued directly by the government and because gold cannot be obtained in sufficient quantity for the purpose, and because morever, it is too inconvenient to handle, a better money can be made of paper. They claim also that serious damage and oppression results to all laboring and enterprising men, to all the varied industries of the country whenever the supply of lawful money is too small to meet the requirements of business. Money is a tool, or machine the proper use of which is to set all the industry and enterprise of the country in motion. As no individual has the right to make this machine and should the government fail to supply the required amount, just to that extent will all enterprising and business men be held in enforced idleness. But the bankers loan their notes to the people on interest, and because their present usurpation of power will be taken from them, they oppose the movement of the people to establish through the new party a just financial system.

The writer asks, "how can these paper tokens represent value when the value to which they refer is remote, existing only in name." As he is evidently a worshipper of gold he is doubtless prepared to acknowledge that gold possesses a value. Now whence does gold acquire this value, and what is the basis on which it rests? That question, perhaps, never before occured to him. Gold is valuable, because an average amount of labor is always required to obtain it. The greenback dollar note is issued by the government, if allowed by law to be a full legal tender, has the same basis of value. It cannot be obtained without a certain amount of labor or its equivalent, is given in exchange. The miner of gold and silver takes the product of his labor to the government. The officers of the mint then determine carefully the amount of "value received" by the process of assay and by weight. They cannot issue the government stamp upon it until this is determined. Its issue is then the acknowledgment of "value received." The same is true when labor or services is rendered directly to the government and the stamp is issued upon paper. It is an acknowledgment of the same "value received." In the light of these fundamental truths, the useless prattle about redemption, therefore, is idle talk. We see there can be no valid reason why the lawful money of the country should be limited to the gold and silver dollars. This popular notion is based upon a mere assumption and is essentially a false pretense. It is a fatal delusion, and its consequences, has been fraught with most overwhelming damage to the industries of the country, and, therefore, greatly retarded our national growth.

The writer further declares: "We should beware of signs of value where the thing signified is not attainable." This sentence very fittingly describes the condition of the people at this time. They have no need of the injunction. All thoughtful men are aware of the fact that under the existing laws providing for resumption, all the lawful money of the country on the first day of January next will be the coin in the treasury. And as all other currency now in use will be unlawful, they are very justly alarmed. The country is in fear and trembling. It is useless to cry for confidence when we deliberately institute a financial system that renders either confidence or prosperity forever impossibilities.

A. L. KERN.

MRS. Benjamin Langhman, of Berwick township, Adams county, says that she will be seventy-two years old on the 29th of August next, and that she has 57 perches of stone to break on the Hanover pike. She has been at the business for many years.

THE Crawford County system of making nominations has been in vogue in Bedford County for some years, but does not give satisfaction, as will be seen by the following from the last *Inquirer and Argus*, published at Beaver:

"There are many thoughtful Republicans who believe the time is near at hand when it will be necessary for the party to make a change in the mode of making nominations. The cry of fraud, ballot-box stuffing after each primary election has become so common as to alarm those who have regard to the future welfare of the party. Let the honest voter once believe that these practices exist and a nomination will not be worth anything. Under the old system when delegates were elected in each district there was no such inducement for fraud as there is now, when a dozen fraudulent votes in one district may determine the result. The Crawford county system, as it is called, would work very well if everybody is honest, but unfortunately they are not, as the people know, and hence are slow to believe rumors of fraud. The result here has been the result everywhere that this system has been tried. It never has and never will work well, especially in counties containing cities or large boroughs. Sooner or later it will divide if not overthrow the party."

SILVER CITY, Idaho, June 25.—The advance troops of Gen. Howard attacked the hostiles on Sunday, forty miles from Harney. Bernard bore the brunt of the engagement. The battle took place at Curry Creek. Gen. Howard has sent all the troops possible to the front. Col. Robbins and two soldiers were killed. Couriers rode 200 miles to furnish Howard the news, and ask reinforcements.

MAJOR EGBERT, at Camp Lyons, has been notified to protect the Winnemucca road, and give battle to the hostile fleeing in the direction of Owyhee. The probabilities are that the hostiles met a severe repulse.

—Two boys are in the Western Penitentiary from Warren county, having been placed there a few days ago. Since their incarceration Tidioute is excited, as it has been alleged that the "detective" who had them prosecuted set up a job on them to rob a grocery store.

—On Friday morning, June 7, Miss Helen Mills, who is teaching school in Adams county, killed a large snake in front of the school house 3 feet 10 inches long. If Adam's wife had done the same thing with the serpent that confronted her, things would have doubtless have been different from what they now are.

New Advertisements.

HEALTHFUL, PRACTICAL.

A FAMILY FRIEND.

THE

LIGHT-RUNNING

DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINE.

Double Thread, Lock Stitch; Automatic Self-Adjusting Tension and Take-up; Conical Steel Bearings, and Compensating Journal.

It does not Fatigue!!!

It does not make you Nervous!!!

Light-Running, Durable.

None run it but to love it;

None know it but to praise.

THE

"DOMESTIC"

is the most desirable and efficient machine made, for these reasons:

It is made of the choicest materials, and by the best workmen.

It is the simplest in construction, and most reliable in its action.

It requires almost no adjusting, and yet does every variety of work.

It is noiseless, rapid, and will outwear any other machine.

It is the easiest running of machines, and saves muscle and nerves, which are more valuable than money.

It has never failed to give perfect satisfaction.

Every machine warranted.

The Physicians recommend it for its light-running and noiseless qualities.

Send for a copy of "How to Choose a Sewing Machine."

"Domestic" Sewing Machine Co., NEW YORK.

"DOMESTIC" Paper Fashions,

"Domestic" PAPER Fashions,

"Domestic" Paper FASHIONS,

The most stylish and best fitting, in endless variety. Send 5 cents for large Illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Styles.

"DOMESTIC Monthly,"

"Domestic MONTHLY,"

"DOMESTIC Monthly,"

"Domestic MONTHLY,"

An Instructive and Entertaining Illustrated Magazine of Fashion, Fullit Literature, and Art. $1.50 a Year, with PREMIUM. Specimen Copy, 15 cents.

DOMESTIC

Sewing Machine Co.,

HOME OFFICE,

Broadway and 14th St., New York.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 15-21 y 1

New Advertisements.

GREAT

SUMMER RESORT

JUST OPENED AT

ROCK VIEW.

G. W. SCHWENKE : Prop'r

This splendid Resort is situated of the

OLEAN, BRADFORD & WARREN

RAILWAY,

about half way between Olean and Bradford.

Travelers, - - Tourists,

Pleasure and

Picnic Parties

will find it the most Pleasant Resort ever visited. It is under the management of the little man that runs five Hotels.

BOND

LIQUOR STORE

East Side, Union St., OLEAN, N. Y.

Wines, Liquors, Tobaccos & Cigars at Wholesale or Retail.

The World's Standard

FAIRBANK'S

SCALES.

Also Sole Agents for

Miles' Alarm Money Drawer

AND

Oscillating Pump Company's Pumps.

COFFEE and SPICE MILLS,

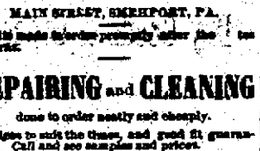
TEA and COFFEE CANS,

WAREHOUSE TRUCKS and

STORE FIXTURES GENERALLY.

FAIRBANKS & CO.

216 Main Street, Buffalo.



L. M. RAUB,

Surgeon Dentist,

Bolivar, All. Co. N. Y.

TEETH EXTRACTED comparatively WITHOUT PAIN.

By the use of Dr. Von Bonhorst's Anæsthetic.

Twenty years of continued and successful practice warrants me in promising full satisfaction.

Parties wishing dental services at their homes can be accommodated promptly by dropping me a postal card.

Will be at Smethport July 9th and 10th.

NOTICE

TO CONSUMERS

OF

LORILLARD'S TOBACCO

The great celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all dealers against handling such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic tabs, render themselves liable to the penalty of the Law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by a fine and imprisonment. *See Act of Congress, August 14, 1876.*

The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.

Over 7,000 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3,000 persons employed in factories.

Taxes paid Gov't in 1877 about $3,500,000, and during past 12 years, over $20,000,000.

These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturers. ☞ The Type, The Stacking Tob'o is "second to none" in crops, mildness, purity & quality. 15-19w3

JAMES McNULTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

Suits made to order promptly after the latest patterns.

REPAIRING and CLEANING

done to order neatly and cheaply.

Prices to suit the times, and good fit guaranteed. Call and see samples and prices.

y16-41-1y J. McNULTY.

WM. P. NORTHRUP, & CO.

RELIEF-LINE

ENGRAVERS

AND

ELECTROTYPERS,

FORMERLY HENRY CHANDLER ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 13 Swan Street, Lewis Block,

BUFFALO, N.Y.

Jas. N. Matthews, } Of the late firm of Matthews, Northrup & Co.

Wm. P. Northrup, } The late Engraver, Chandler, Harder, Hamilton & Co.

1866-yl

YOU CAN get your Job Printing done at the MINER office in any style and at any prices

Miscellaneous.

A NEW DEAL ALL AROUND!

HASKILL & GIFFORD

Now offer to their old and new customers an entirely

NEW AND FRESH STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS

AND

DRESS GOODS, &C.,

OF EVERY STYLE

FOR THE SPRING TRADE

As we are now selling for Cash Only we are enabled to give our customers better bargains than ever before.

Come and See Us.

HASKILL & GIFFORD,

Main Street, SMETHPORT.

CENTRAL CASH STORE.

SPRING STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

and MILLINERY

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS

Cash and Small Profits.

W. D. GALLUP,

MAIN STREET. SMETHPORT.

CLAPP BROS. & CO.,

WHOLESALE JEWELERS.

A FULL LINE OF

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN WATCHES.

LARGEST STOCK! LOWEST PRICES!!

DEALERS! SEND FOR CATALOGUE!!! PLEASE CALL WHEN IN THE CITY!

Orders will Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

161 State St., CHICAGO.

Mechanical Work a Specialty.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

On and after Sunday, May 26th 1878, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	arr.	11.55 p. m
"	" Wayne	"	4.45 p. m
"	" Irvineton	"	5.00 p. m
"	" Corry	"	6.00 p. m
"	arr. at Erie	"	7.00 p. m
ERIE ACCOM	leaves Kane	"	6.30 a. m
"	" Warren	"	7.45 a. m
"	" Irvineton	"	8.40 a. m
"	" Corry	"	9.10 a. m
"	arr. at Erie	"	10.35 a. m

EASTWARD.

ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie	"	11.20 a. m
"	" Corry	"	1.10 p. m
"	" Irvineton	"	2.00 p. m
"	" Warren	"	2.20 p. m
"	arr. at Philadelphia	"	7.00 a. m
KANE ACCOM	leaves Erie	"	4.10 p. m
"	" Corry	"	6.00 p. m
"	" Irvineton	"	7.10 p. m
"	" Warren	"	7.40 p. m
"	arr. at Kane	"	9.00 p. m

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with P. T. & R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W., and at Corry with O. C. & A. & C. V. Railway.

Erie and Kane Accommodation with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. east and west, and at Corry with P. T. & R. R. W.

NOTE.—The leaving time at Erie is Philadelphia time, which is twenty minutes faster than Erie time.

Wm. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

Gifford & Wolters'

SAW AND

PLANING MILL,

MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT PA.

PINE and HEMLOCK

BUILDING TIMBER,

FLOORING,

SIDING,

SHINGLES,

and PLANED LUMBER of all Kinds, constantly on hand and made to order.

Houses Built Entire.

GIFFORD & WOLTERS.

S. J. GIFFORD, } v13 n31

C. H. WOLTERS. }

LIVERY

AND

Exchange Stables

AT THE BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

FORD R. KNAPP, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Samaritan's Gift, the most Certain Remedy ever used.

Yes, a positive cure! Salts Cosmia and Mercury discarded. Used in the United States Hospitals, and recommended by the surgeons. POST HOSPITAL, Fort Marshall, Baltimore, I have used the Samaritan Remedy, and have found it effectual.

ALFRED C. BOWERS,

Surgeon 5th New York Volunteers.

Only ten pills to be taken to effect a cure. They are entirely Vegetable, having no smell or unpleasant taste, will not in any way injure the stomach or bowels of the most delicate. Cures in from two to four days. No exposure, no feeble, no change whatever. Let those who have despaired of being cured at once use the Samaritan's Gift. Sent by mail to any address. Price Male package, $2.00; Female, $3.00. Sold by druggists. DESMOND & Co. Proprietors, 518 Race st., Phila. Pa.

MILLINERY STORE.

I am constantly receiving additions to my stock of

MILLINERY AND

FANCY GOODS,

DRY GOODS AND

NOTIONS,

and am prepared to sell AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Mary Tracy,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

Buy only the genuine

BUCHALOS.

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Buffalo Scale Co.,

322 to 334 Exchange Street.

Notice

Is hereby given that an application will be made to the next Legislature, at the sessions of the general assembly, for an act to incorporate Dikes Lake Ice Company, under the acts of General Assembly in such case made and provided.

1868-4t S. E. CHEESEMAN, Att'y for Petitioners.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., June 27, 1878.

Lodge Directory.
A. Y. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 338, A. Y. M., meets on the fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

W. T. CALLAM, W. M.

O. M SMITH, Secy.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITESIDE, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 10½ a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

Preaching at Norwich and at Cole Creek at 2 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Hafner school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. Q. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 2d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judges.—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. N. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney.—F. H. Conser, Port Allegany.
Sheriff.—C. S. King, Smethport.
Prothonotary &c.—C. Sartwell, Smethport. Deputy.—J. E. Chadwick.
County Treasurer.—W. D. Gallup, Smethport.
Commissioners.—Benj. Bunker, Orlando Gallup, Wm. A. Young.
Com'rs Clerk.—Jno. R. Chadwick, Smethport.
Auditors.—O. D. Coleman, J. L. Bean, M. W. Fisher.
Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and Third Monday of June and December.

Borough Officers.

Burgess.—M. L. Armstrong
Asst Burgess.—H. L. McGee
Council.—D M Smith B C Corwin Wm Specht S A Backus N W Abbey J C Hamlin
Constables.—H. L. Buffington.
School Directors.—L. Rogers B D Hamlin B L Knapp E G Brown R. Garrison L Buffington
Poormen.—E F Waller G W Gallup
Justices.—M Smith P Ford
Auditors.—C K Sartwell M A Sprague A B Armstrong

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

Our Traveling Agent.

Mr. J. WILLETT SMITH is the authorized agent and solicitor of the MINER. He is authorized to solicit subscriptions, advertising and job work, and to make collections. Orders through him will receive prompt and careful attention. We bespeak for him a courteous reception from all our personal and business friends.

—Fred C. Olds has been appointed postmaster at Farmers' Valley.

—The birth-day party in honor of little Apostle Paul was quite numerously attended on Monday.

—Mrs. F. H. Arnold, of Port Allegany, has started for Europe where she will spend some months.

—The usual lull after an unprecedentedly busy and largely attended Court week pervades the town this week.

—A heavy load of bark—the one drawn to the Extract Works the other day by Pard Wright which weighed 7400 pounds.

—Mrs. E. G. Young, of Jamestown, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Bennett, of Canisteo, are visiting friends in this borough.

—Knapp, the livery man, is doing a red-hot business. He is more than pleased with the result of his venture in this place.

—Warren is still hammering away at his job of excavating the cellar for the foundation of the Sprague block, with an early prospect for its completion.

—No paper next week. The time-honored custom of giving our employees a little recreation on Fourth of July week will still be adhered to until further notice.

—Peter Houtz still lingers among us, with a prospect of being reinforced by Mrs. Peter. We suppose the denizens are willing to tolerate his presence here until he attempts to play some *Sharp* game on them.

—The fact that George Washington's wife never asked him where he had been when he came home late at night, goes a great ways towards accounting for his extensive truthfulness.

—On the first page of this paper will be found a column of matter headed "Among our exchanges," together with a variety of selected articles which will be of interest to our readers to scrutinize.

—We will print a pamphlet containing accounts of the "swindles" perpetrated on farmers by peddlers and patent right agents, because the victims never read the papers, and such people deserve to suffer.

—While eight prisoners were marching toward the depot on Tuesday morning, all chained together, we were involuntarily led to exclaim "Eureka!" for who, having eyes, were so blind as not to discover the "connecting-link?"

—In the absence of Sheriff King, his new deputy, Will. Buck, has charge of his family and five other prisoners at the jail. Will. always could be relied on wherever stationed, and we know he will do the proper thing in this emergency.

—D. B. Hamlin thinks some people either have an idea that he lot abounds in strawberries or that it is an excellent place for locating an oil well by the manner in which they took the liberty of trampling down the grass during Court week.

—Col. James T. Henry, well-known in this and neighboring counties, died at Jamestown on Sunday, the 16th inst. Mr. Henry was a journalist and writer of fine ability. He has been ill for a long time and his death at this time was not unexpected. He was upwards of 53 years of age.

—By the death of Niles Kinney, of Annin Creek, that community loses a respected citizen and the church a good man who has ever been conspicuous for his many Christian virtues and benevolence. We have not heard the particulars of his last illness, but can heartily sympathise with his family and friends in the loss of one so pure and good.

—A little girl of Agustus Hoodykin, of Norwich township, while in the woods with his father on Tuesday, left the latter to go a short distance in search of some party who was engaged in peeling bark. He must have missed his reckoning, for up to this writing (Wednesday noon) he remained lost. Searchers, however, had, as a consequence, nearly the whole of Norwich township are in search of him.

—The young man who succeeded better in secreting the three-dollar hat under his coat than in getting away from Gallup'sstore with it on Saturday night, must feel a little *Green* over the matter.

—Mr. Picard, of the Smethport bakery, is said to be doing a thriving business in that line. His stock of groceries is also complete, and sportsmen do say that it is the "boss" place to procure lunches for fishing and hunting trips.

—The Haskell well derrick is completed and in a few days everything will be in readiness to renew operations. The Bradford *Era* is therefore assured of soon hearing more new developments from "the everlasting Haskell well."

—Our local nimrods seem to be enjoying themselves hugely these days in the way of shooting pigeons. On Tuesday a party went to Clermont on a shooting expedition, and were liberally rewarded for the time thus spent. One of the number bagged thirty-nine, and the others had no reason to complain of ill luck. The birds are still plentiful about Ormsby's and people in great numbers are seen going daily in that direction.

—By a notice elsewhere it will be seen that a picnic will be held at or near Crosby station, on the McK. & B. R. R., for the benefit of the family of Michael Rouble, who lately came to an untimely end by falling from one of the Extract buildings. The object is really a charitable one, and we are sure the people hereabouts will favor the occasion with their presence. Handbills announcing the precise time of trains will probably be issued on Monday.

—All shortcomings which the readers of the MINER may discover in this issue of the paper may be accounted for by the fact that the editor has gone to the penitentiary—by this we mean that he went to Pittsburgh to assist Sheriff King in making a safe delivery of the eight convicted prisoners who left here in chains on Tuesday morning. Mr. Barbour was unshackled, and we venture the opinion that he kept a vigilant eye on Pardee and his "pards."

—Capt. Rhodes, the diver, is to dive from the bluffs at Portage on the 4th of July. On the 10th he sails for Europe, intending to visit England, Ireland, Scotland and France. He announces that his first dive on the other side will be from London bridge.—*Buffalo Express.*

The "Captain" has been sojourning in the McKean county jail for some time until last week, when by some means he induced the prosecutors not to appear against him, and was once more let out to breathe the free air of heaven. He celebrated his good fortune that very evening by marrying a dove of the "oliver" species, and they at once started on a diving expedition.

—Intelligence is received from Eldred to the effect that the United Pipe Lines are disconnecting with all wells that are being connected with the Equitable Petroleum Company's line. This, of course, is a bull-dozing movement intending to scare the producers, and, if possible, prevent them from giving any aid to the new line. But it will, unless we are greatly mistaken, have an effect quite the reverse, and will serve to unite the producers more closely than ever. Let the United disconnect if they please. The equitable have an outlet which is adequate to all immediate demands of those who may require its use, and responsible parties stand ready to take all the oil offered. None need be afraid. And producers will see the need more than ever of standing by each other in this fight, and pushing the Equitable Pipe Line to a successful consummation. Now is the important hour, and let no man be found wanting.—*Bradford Era.*

—The Coudersport *Enterprise* gets off the following good one, and it so fully illustrates the point at which it aims, that we cannot forbear copying, in the hope of its catching the eye of some character to whose case it will directly apply:

"He could not afford to take the *Enterprise*, and day $1.75 per *annum for it*, when he could get a "city paper" for a dollar. He had a suit to be tried at the June term, and of course the city paper had nothing to say about the June term of court in Potter county, and the one dollar man, not having a county paper to refer to, got it into his head that the June term opened on the 3d instead of the 10th. Consequently, he started for Coudersport one week ahead of time, and he did not find out his mistake until he stopped for dinner. By investing in a city paper instead of the *Enterprise* he saved (?) one day's time of himself and team, time of several witnesses and their dinners, besides the vexation—out of pocket. In this one transaction he lost more than enough to pay for the *Enterprise* for three years. A "city paper" at a dollar a year is cheap enough and a good thing to have, but a county paper proves the most valuable even at double the cost."

Pic-Nic.

On Thursday, the 4th day of July, there will be a pic-nic at Crosby Station for the benefit of the family of J. M. Rouble. Good music will be in attendance. There will probably be a train upon which the people from Smethport and vicinity can return in the evening.

BY ORDER COM.

Failed to Connect.

Last Wednesday afternoon small and neatly printed [printed at the MINER Job Rooms, of course] handbills were circulated about the streets bearing the following inscription:

"The Old War Horse Capt. John C. Buckus will address the Greenback Meeting to-night at Bentley's hall, and will tell you that if greenbacks were good enough to pay him for his services while fighting for the country they are good enough to pay the bloated bond holder now. A. L. Kerns, of Bradford, will also be present."

A number of his fellow citizens and friends were very desirous of hearing "The Old War Horse" on the subject of finance, but were unable to find after a diligent search either the meeting or the speaker. He hasn't spoken yet, to any great extent. Though he had stood fire so well while "fighting for his country" he could not stand the fire of a greenback meeting. And we commend his good sense.

Butter and Cheese Markets.

UTICA, June 20.—Fourteen thousand six hundred cheese changed hands here to-day. The range being 7½@8½c. The leading factories at 8½c; the average was 8¼c. 8,000 were sent on commission.

LITTLE FALLS, July 24.—No change in the cheese market from last Monday. Over one hundred factories were represented. The offerings aggregated ten thousand boxes. Sales at 8⅛@8⅜c; most at 8¼c. Two thousand forty-three factory dairy boxes sold at 6@8c; the ruling figures being 7½@8c.

Butter quoted at 14@15c.

NATIONAL GREENBACK-LABOR PARTY.

Organization of the County Committee.

A meeting of the Greenback men was held at Beckwith's Hall on Friday evening. The attendance was light owing to the fact that the night was stormy and those who were forced to go out were attending court which was then holding a night session. Mr. A. Kern, of Bradford, was the speaker of the evening. A synopsis of the speech is herewith appended:

The speaker gave a short account by way of introduction, of his personal conversion to the proposed new system of National currency, stating he was educated in Philadelphia in the theories of the "specie basis" system, and taught to believe gold and silver the only sound basis for the peoples' money. The change in this connection, he said, has been the result of careful investigation after first making an effort to divest his mind of all prejudice and of all ill-digested theories of money and its nature. He declared that a privileged class and the designing few had seized upon and directed our financial legislation in the oppression of labor and of the interests of the country and of the people. He called upon his hearers, therefore, to throw aside all prejudice and party ties, declaring that the platforms of both Republican and Democratic parties in respect to the financial policy, were fatal to the progress and welfare of the country. Both the old parties were to-day, he said, found in bad company and the people would discard them. A short anecdote in illustration of this position was received with expressions of laughter and applause.

The speaker defined the nature and functions of money, showing that intrinsic value, connected with the circulating medium, was only loading it down with a useless burden and inconvenience—that it was only by virtue of the stamp upon it, or its legal value, that the coin performed the function of money. He agreed, therefore, that money was a creation of law and that the government could not put it in circulation until it had determined and acknowledged the amount of certain "value received." The basis of this value was labor, and that the precious metals were received to become part of the coinage of the country, because an average amount of labor was always required to produce a certain amount of the metals. He argued that labor expended in other directions, besides mining gold or silver, should have the same privilege of being incorporated into the currency of the people, and a proper and rational method could be found for fixing the volume of the currency. A bureau of currency could be established where functions should be to determine the volume of money that would give the best results in the harmonious development of the resources and progress of the people. It then became the interest of every man who handled the currency to see that the government was sustained and the bureau of currency administered in justice and with integrity. He claimed this system would become a bond of strength by visiting all parts of this great country, and would mark an era in the successful growth of our republican institutions.

Mr. Kerns further reviewed the financial history of the United States, claiming that under the old system we had a history of constant monetary disturbance and a succession of financial panics. We have had in our short history no less than ten distinct money panics and he showed the cause to be due to a false system, bound upon the false pretence and the outgrowth of "specie basis" banking and the assumption among the people who received them as money, that bank notes were really money. They were not money, but only the promise to pay money, and the speaker claimed that the same was to-day true of the national banking circulation.

Some business was transacted and a County Committe appointed consisting of two members from each township.—The following are the appointments as far as heard from:

Bradford—A. L. Kern, Chairman; T. Mullin, Jr., P. Kerns.
Ceres—John Roberts.
Eldred—J. A. McOmber, C. E. Crawford.
Hartwell—Mike Doyle, James Doyle, Thomas McGavin.
Port Allegany—L. H. Dolley, M. A. Lillibridge
Kendall—Geo Gilmour, J. S. Fuller.
Derrick City—J. C. Dornan
Foster Brook—S. P Cary.
Kane—James Lanehigan.
Hamilton—James A. Anderson.
Smethport—Seth Backus.
Farmers Valley—Jackson Otto, Abner Tubbs.
Lafayette—John Anderson.
Alton—Charles Geary.
Turtle Point—Benjamin Taylor.
Duke Center—S. S. Longabaugh.

Card of Thanks.

We, the undersigned, inmates of the County Jail at Smethport, McKean County, Pa., desire to return our thanks to Sheriff C. S. King and lady for their kind and courteous treatment of us while we have been under their charge. Nothing has been left undone which would in any way add to our comfort, and the privations of a prison life has been made more agreeable by the manner in which they and their assistants have treated us; and we assure them that as we are now about to be separated, that we shall always carry with us a high regard for them, and a just appreciation of the kindness to all prisoners who have been under their charge.

Henri B. Loomis, E. M. Weed, Geo. W. Baxter, Wm. Ahern, H. J. Dallean, S. Pardee, G. F. Macky, Wm. Shaupp, Charles Wilson, Fred Crane, Frank Esbeschied, Wm. McClure, John Donohue, Jr., William Gregory.

From Glenn.

June 22, 1878.

To the Editor of The Miner.

On the afternoon of the 19th, while peeling bark on Bell's run, John Howard, only son of his father, was crushed to death under a falling tree.

On the night of the 18th Uncle Niles Kinney, of Annin creek, departed this life. The funeral occurred on the 19th inst. Captain Kinney, of Horse Run, nephew of deceased, met with a serious accident returning from the funeral. He was driving a horse which took fright at an old log, running away and smashing the buggy. Mrs. Kinney was thrown to the ground, striking on her face in the sand and grit, Mr. Kinney falling on her. They were badly, if not seriously, hurt.

Mrs. R. Evans, who has been ailing for some time is now about the house attending to domestic duties. S. A. N.

—Brookwick House, the only popular hotel in Olean. Opposite the Union Depot. 31 tf

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE

From Knapps Creek.

ELDRED, PA., June 24, 1878.

To the Editor of the Miner:

Since my last letter we have heard the glorious news from our county seat that no license was granted for our prosperous and growing town.

I notice also that Otto township has changed altogether. Before the oil developments it was a strong temperance town, and now we find that there are twelve licenses granted to Rixford and Duke Centre. For the reason I suppose that it was asked and not remonstrated by the citizens. There will now be an opportunity to see the contrast between the towns that are not. . . . I had the pleasure of making a trip on the Kendall & Eldred Railroad Tuesday morning; taking the train at 8 o'clock A. M., I rode down to Eldred, reaching that station at about 8½ o'clock, and waited until the mail came in from the north, when "all aboard" was the idea though not said, and she pulled out with two cars fitted up very nicely for carrying passengers. There were some thirty on board. . . . Mr. Gordon Evans, of Eldred, has his sign out as real estate agent. . . . A red squirrel that did not know where else to go, came in the back kitchen, on Sunday last, and made its first visit at the house of G. T. Dennis on Knapp's creek and after perching himself on the head and shoulders of some of the members of his family, was dispatched by the dog. . . . Mr. A. L. Pierce, of Oswayo, informed me that a well is going down on Wm. Reynold's farm, and now at a depth of 12000 feet, in Hebron, Potter county, Pa. . . . The track is laid and the engine up as far as the Baker cross-road this evening or at the point nearest to Duke Centre, and will be up to this place to-morrow. . . . The Dan O'Day well, No. 1, on McCullough is doing 15 barrels. No. 2 is ready to start. . . . The Knapp Oil Company's well, No. 1 on McCullough farm, and Pine tree well, No. 2, are ready to start. . . . Daily well, on Failing lot, has a rig up. . . . Pratt & Filkins, on McCullough farm, have a rig up. . . . The Knapp's Creek Oil Company on Failing lot, shows for 30 barrels. . . . The Pine tree well is holding up to 70 barrels, having dropped off five barrels. . . . The Equitable Oil Company have leased five acres of Norton & Arnold for one-quarter royalty. . . . Lowe & Co. have moved their portable steam saw mill and are under motion again, making money like fun. They are not only lucky, but plucky fellows. Their well No. 1, near the Dean well is driving pipe. . . . David Haley, of Corry, Pa., was married to Mary Coney. . . . McKeown No. 3 has had a bit in the hole since last Saturday. . . . One of the boys at work on the railroad made an attempt to couple cars and not being used to it, was caught by the thumb of his right hand and somewhat injured. I am informed that the engine went out with him and he was taken to Surgeon Balfour who dressed the wound and he is getting along nicely. . . . There has been a 75 barrel well struck at the head of Meek's creek the last week, on Weston Bros. land, and several new ones above Duke Centre, but I have not been able to get any details from that locality this week. There have also been some new ones about Rixford. . . . Davis & Dennim on D. M. Baker, are near the sand. . . . Sullivan & Casey are down about 400 feet. . . . McKeown No. 4 is down 400 feet. . . . Hoyt & Emerson No. 2 are in the sand and have a good show. This is near the old Rixford well. . . . J. L. Stephens has opened up his new lunch room opposite the hardware store. . . . T. L. Pound has been appointed by the court as deputy constable and policeman. . . . I am informed that the United Pipe Line is disconnecting from all lines where the Equitable Line is connected. . . . The Bailey well is to be cleaned out and fixed up. . . . The Knapp's Creek Oil Company's well, on J. Failing, is in the sand with a good show. . . . Tindale & Kilroy have gotten up a well executed chart for advertising, at Rixford.

DELTA.

From Corryville.

June 25, '78.

To the Editor of the Miner.

The Equitable Pipe Line Company are moving things along as fast as possible under the circumstances, as the work now to be performed can only be done by experienced workmen. To-day was the time fixed for the loading of the first cars at their racks, but it will most likely be delayed a few days. The connections are such, however, that oil might be put into the tank that is now completed at any time.

The Williams, Rutherford & Co. well, on the A. O. Clay farm on Rice brook, is still drilling. It is down about 1200 feet with no new indications. Oil still dripping from the second sand. They drill only days for fear of gas.

Gilmore well up Rice brook is down about six hundred feet, the altitude of it being such that in all probability it will have to go about five hundred feet more before striking first sand.

Philip Frisbee, who has been absent from this county for the last thirteen years, has returned and gone into partnership with his brother, T. R. Frisbee, in the grocery business, and they have a fine stock of goods in the Frisbee depot, he acting as salesman. His many old friends will be glad to meet him. C.

—At Palmiter's yesterday afternoon, Page Palmiter and Potter crossed cues. Last week it was arranged that each man put up $20 to make the game. Each one then put up $30 for money. Yesterday afternoon Potter was not forthcoming with the balance of the purse and the $40 was handed to Palmiter. Palmiter then offered to give Potter a chance to win back his $20 and proposed a game of French carom for $10 a side, Palmiter to play 125 to Potter's 100. This proposition was accepted and the game resulted in a victory for Potter. A second game of like specifications followed that and Potter again triumphed. Then Palmiter proposed a third game of $30 a side, French, 125 to 100, and this time Palmiter won the stakes. The game was very interesting and a large crowd of men witnessed the sport.—*Era.*

—Hon. John Hall, of Elk county, promises to be a formidable candidate for the Democratic nomination for senator in the thirty-eighth district. Clarion county has already declared for Hon. R. B. Brown, but if the other three counties—Elk, Forest and Cameron—unite upon Mr. Hall, Clarion will be overruled in the senatorial conference.

Bradford Bubbles.

—The tankage blockade is easing up.

—Bradford will soon have three opera houses.

—Charley Melvin is building a fine dwelling house on Corydon street.

—Bradford claims to have all the lawyers and dressmakers it needs.

—The Bradford people were entertained by a female pedestrian lately.

—Upwards of seventy wells have been completed in this field the present month.

—There are rumors of extensive purchases of territory by the Standard agents.

—Our neighbors over about Bradford are just now indulging in picnic excursions, clam-bakes and dances.

—Pig Island, Bradford's infected district, was treated to a purification of fire and smoke, on Tuesday.

—A cow weighing 1800 lbs. was killed by a Bradford butcher last week, and some of his customers haven't been out of meat since.

—In case the shut down movement should fail to become general, several test wells will be put down four or five miles west of Bradford.

—The State Line base ball club played the Gray Eagles of Bradford "the other day, resulting in a score of 19 to 7 in favor of the latter club.

—The Bradford Sunday paper facetiously remarks: "We don't want to rail at the project, but the directors of the street railroad seem to have struck a tie. Can't some one turn-tables on 'em?"

—"Stop the drill!" cry the Bradford operators, and thereat an exchange says it does not sound so strange when we reflect that the oil country is badly infested with mosquitoes, bed bugs and fleas.

—The *Breeze* is of the opinion that the shut-down movement will not be consummated as easily as the producers have hoped for; many insist on keeping the drill going regardless of consequences.

—Official papers have been served on E. E. Sterrett, of the Producers' Torpedo Company, to show cause why he should not be imprisoned for contempt of Court, in the matter of a violation of an injunction.

—The *Era* says a little son of L. C. Blakeslee died yesterday from the effects, as is supposed, of swallowing a date seed which had become lodged in the intestines and caused inflamation, from which the child died. He was about eight years old.

—The Olean *Record* says Kendall is fast taking the lead of Bradford in local improvements. The streets are kept in good repair, the police are efficient, and bad and suspicious characters are run out of town on short notice. In short Kendall is the leaven of the Tuna lump.

—Here's an example of promptness and dispatch in the way of animal evolution. John Anderson's cow, aged twelve months and twenty days, has just given birth to a calf.—*Bradford Era.* That calf should diet on Graham and milk, and be well taken care of at night.

—Fred. Prentice, whose name is a household word to every oil man in the United States, is spending a few days in Bradford. He has recently returned from a visit to the South American oil fields, which are located in the southern part of Peru, and according to his report of the appearance of things oleaginous in that locality, we need have no fears so far as a new field is concerned, for several thousand years to come. The country has some oil, but it is so expensive and difficult to operate there, as to render its development nearly impossible.—*Era.*

—Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock Mrs. Jennie Lynch, well known on Pig Island, sent a little girl to one of the drug stores for some morphine. The child obtained six grains from the store and returned to the woman, who swallowed the dose and resigned herself to the fate she had for some days been looking forward to. She gradually sank under the effects of the powerful drug, and her companions in the house were not aware of the cause of her ailment. At about 6 o'clock they summoned Drs. Matteson and Page, who came to the woman's bedside, and found that the poison had already done sad work. The would-be suicide was then in a comatose state and the only measure that the doctors could then adopt towards resuscitation was the introduction of atropine into the woman's arm. This operation was performed with very satisfactory results; the woman gradually rallied.—*Era.*

—A Bradford correspondent writing under date of June 21, says: "Thirty-six Knights visited Olean yesterday, who were received there by several officers, all in full regalia. The procession moved from the depot to Masonic Hall, where an elegant banquet was prepared by Morehouse and served in the Masonic banquet room. Officers of St. John's Commandry No. 24 were installed and three Knights Templar degrees conferred. The affair was a magnificent success. It broke up at midnight, and the Bradford brethren returned home by a special train."

The same correspondent also says: "The well on the Irvine tract, two miles below Limestone, was visited by many operators to-day. It did over one hundred barrels in the twelve hours ending this morning. They are still drilling in a coarse, dark rock, with abundant gas. The well flows about twenty-five minutes every hour, through two pipes, and is likely to decline rapidly."

—The *Era* says that the Elevated Road is now in full running order, and plying regularly between Bradford and Derrick City. The numerous trains are constantly crowded with passengers, and unless we are greatly mistaken the company will be compelled to add several new coaches soon, in order to accommodate the traveling public. Their new engine, now in process of construction by the celebrated Baldwin locomotive works of Philadelphia, will be here ready for use, within two weeks, and will be a far different piece of machinery than the boteh which was constructed by the LaFrance company of Elmira, and which has proved such a source of annoyance to the running of the road.

The officers of the Bradford and Foster Brook railroad, as recently organized, are as follows:

A. L. Wilcox, President; E. W. Coddington, Vice-President; M. N. Allen, General Manager; J. C. Jackson, Treasurer; D. C. Brawley, Superintendent. The conductors are Hugh P. Brawley and Geo. Grogan.

FROM OUTSIDE.

—Butter is worth 14 cents a pound in Little Valley.

—A butcher at St. Mary's was kicked to death by a cow last week.

—Oil well, No. 2, at Rikland, Tioga county is down over a thousand feet.

—Over 1800 boxes of cheese were shipped from Belvidere station on the Erie last week.

—M. M. Larrabee, of Emporium, is said to have sold twenty-four bushels of strawberries week before last.

—They only had four burglaries in Ridgway in one night last week. There is a reasonable hope for that moral town yet.

—Captain H. S. Horton, of Rutland, Tioga county, is being talked of as the Greenback candidate for county commissioner.

—A little girl named Burlingame was run over and killed by the State Line cars at Peth, six miles south of Ellicottville the other day.

—Applications continue to be sent to Dr. LeMoyne for cremation. He had better establish a few branch "ovens" in different parts of the State.

—The Potter papers report trout fishing good. The pigeons have kept the Coudersport sportsmen in the woods, and the trout have had something of a resting spell.

—The Wellsville *Democrat* says that no answers have been received at that place to letters sent to Fort Custer, Montana, inquiring about the death of Bearce. Letters addressed to Col. Buell, Wintermute, and others mentioned in the drowning story have received no attention.

—State Superintendent Wickersham has appointed the following named gentlemen, to represent the State on the board of trustees of the State normal school at Lock Haven: Hon. A. G. Curtin, Bellefonte; Hon. William Bigler, Clearfield; H. L. Diffenbach, Esq., and Hon. S. R. Peale, Lock Haven; Hon. A. C. Noyes, Westport; and Hon. C. H. Earley, Ridgway.

—The Bradford & Warren Ry. is to be built at once. Surveys are completed and the route selected; it will follow up the West branch of the Tuna, and thence across to and down Sugar Run to the Kenzua Creek. The length of the road will be but thirty-five and a half miles, making a decidedly short cut from Bradford and the lower oil districts, and cannot fail to be of incalculable benefit to Bradford.—*Olean Record.*

—About 11 o'clock on Thursday night of last week an accident occurred on the State Line road about three miles east of Ellicottville. A young man by the name of McClernand, while intoxicated, drove a team on the track and stopped. McClernand fell asleep and remained so until rather rudely awakened by a train of cars which killed one of the horses, broke the legs of the other, broke McClernand's ribs, and entirely demolished the wagon. Every attempt was made to stop the train, and frighten the horses off the track. McClernand would undoubtedly have been killed, if the speed of the train had not been considerably slackened.

Court Proceedings.

Wm. H. Carey—Blackmail. Bailed to next term in sum of $500.

Geo. Baxter—Larceny. Fine of $1 and costs, and one year's imprisonment.

John Heiser. Same.

Wm. McClure—Larceny. $1 and costs and two years' imprisonment.

Same—Larceny. $1 and costs, and one year's imprisonment.

Geo. Mackee—Larceny. $1 and costs and two years' imprisonment.

H. Nalon—Larceny. $1 and costs and one year's imprisonment.

Harry Loomis—$1 and costs and one day in county jail.

Samuel Pardee—obtaining goods under false pretences. $25 and costs and three years' imprisonment.

Frank Espenschied—Larceny. $1 and costs, and one year.

Same. Same.

Fred Crane—Larceny. House of Refuge.

Com. vs. Wm. Bell. Not guilty and prosecutor pay costs.

B. L. Knapp appointed overseer of the poor in Smethport borough.

Com. vs. Frank Hester. Not guilty.

Com. vs. Chas. Wilson. Sentenced to pay half the costs and stand committed until this sentence is complied with.

Com. vs. Chas. Whittlesey. Discharged.

Com. vs. Stephen Moran. Discharged.

Com. vs. Albert McKean. Discharged.

Albert DeGolier appointed Poor Master of Bradford Borough.

Com. vs. Geo. Montgomery. Discharged.

G. B. McCalmont. Admitted a practitioner at this bar.

Grand jury recommend the building of a new Court House.

Com. vs. Ann Smith. Bill ignored and prosecutor, Ellen Martin, to pay costs.

Bills against Chas. Logan, Leander and Louisa Norris, R. Mazie, J. W. McCarthy, E. M. Weed, P. Worsley, S. King, Mrs. Reynolds, Montgomery Hubbard, ignored.

Com. vs. W. H. Taylor. Jury failed to agree.

J. F. Shurts vs. J. W. Neefe. Order to stay proceedings dissolved by the Court.

Pat Ryan vs. John Driscoll et al. New trial.

Aurelia Shrader—Assault and Battery. True bill.

John Joice and John Diffins, vagrants, discharged from jail.

C. L. Wescott, George A. Allen and Wm. Bogg, sworn as members of this bar.

N. A. Ostrander appointed deputy constable of Bradford township.

N. B. Smiley sworn as member of this bar.

O. C. Beers—False pretenses. True bill.

Wm. Dutcher—Fornication and bastardy. True bill.

Tom McNally—Selling liquor without license. True bill.

Eugene Owens—Larceny. True bill.

B. C. Haven appointed supervisor of Bradford township.

Perry Farrell—Felonious assault. True bill.

J. Donahue—Felonious assault. True bill.

J. Donahue—Felonious assault. True bill.

Chas. Larabee—Keeping bawdy house. True bill.

A. J. Evans—Felonious assault. True bill.

P. L. Daigle—Felonious assault. True bill.

Page Palmeter. Not guilty and prosecutor pay costs.

James Henderson—Assault and battery. True bill.

Edward Clyde—Casting stones at railroad cars. True bill.

J. D. Rhodes. Discharged.

J. Frank Corbin. Sworn as member of the bar.

John Crowell—Aggravated assault. True bill.

Edward Mullen—Keeping a disorderly house. True bill.

A. B. Mann sworn as a member of the bar.

B. J. Wilmarth—Assault and battery. True bill.

A. M. Howard—Assault and battery. True bill.

H. M. Bernard—Selling liquor without a license. True bill.

Grand jury found a true bill against Wm. Bell for fraudulently removing baggage from hotel.

Wm. Sharp and Kelly—Assault and battery. True bill.

Sabert, Hancock, York and Pool—Rescuing prisoners from officers. True bill.

Wm. O'Donnell and others—Assault with intent to rob. True bill.

David Ole—Removing baggage from hotel. True bill.

Strong and Shafer—Larceny. Discharged.

Frank Smith and others—Riot. True bill.

Licenses Granted Last Week.

We were unable in our last issue to give a correct list of licenses granted, refused and withdrawn, owing to the early hour of going to press. We therefore publish a revised list this week as taken from the Court minutes:

TAVERN LICENSES.

A P Ingersoll	Bradford Boro
Jacob Bauer & Long	do
E Boyer & Chas Riebly	do
J L Cain	do
W W Crawford	do
Webster K Nye	do
Briggs, Cochran & Dagon	do
Tim Mullin, Jr.	do
E H McArty	do
Michael Perner	do
Hoover & Newman	do
Peter L Daigle	do
J W Ebble	do
Jacob H Fiehl	do
Charles Spreeter	do
John Quigley	do
James C Williams	do
James Drumgool	do
Augustine Crawford	do
Thomas McGoldrick	do
P McNamara	do
Charles L Black	do
Wm H Knapp	do
Doran & Bailey	Bradford Township
Stoddard & Sherman	do
J W Baum	do
W F Stoddard & J A Sherman	do
M P Purinton	do
Charles T Moon	do
J N McMullen	do
Loren Whiting,	Babcock Mills
Jeremiah Cronen	do
Charles Geary	Custer City
Michael Morris	do
T W Searle	do
T S Harrison	do
James M Wood	Dallas City
O M Reynolds	Derrick City
David L Rose	do
Pardon Worsley	Gilmore City
J J Wilson	do
John F Leonard	do
Frank Dana	do
H B Kendall & B B Simpson	do
Dennis O'Keefe	do
John McNally	Red Rock
Geo Hadrill	do
Wm Parsons	do
John Purcell	do
Sies & Goodenough	do
Lyman K Barnes	Sawyer City
Moore & Tibbitts	Eldred Township
Sawyer & Johnson	Kendall Boro
Joseph Norton	do
J H Patton	do
L W Sawyer	do
P Molqueen	do
Chas A Terry	do
A B Scribner	do
James O'Neil	do
Reynolds & Bailey	do
F Spickernagle	do
Thomas Hughes	do
Michael McGee	do
W S Heckert	Otto Township
E Hatton & R Lamb	do
E N Middaugh	do
W Carl Dallanbaugh	Duke Center
W H Parker	do
A L Wright	do
S S Longabaugh	do
A F Jackson	do
A J Kimball	do
E D Stingerland	do
J W Greene	do
J Q Stephens	Eldred
John E Neil	do
E F Lake	do
C C Fay	do
B H Kolph	do
S C Sartwell	Port Allegany, Liberty Twp
Mrs S A Palmer	do
John Keating,	Clermont, Sergeant Township
Wm Haskill	Smethport Boro
C H Kemp	Kane Wetmore township
George Walker	do

EATING HOUSE LICENSES.

James McCorkell	Bradford Boro
Edwin W Harris	do
Geo V Howard	do
Cowell, Heller & Smith	do
A J Edgett	do
F X Mating	do
Harmon & Saugher	do
G P Brooks	Bradford Township
James Barrett	Custer City
Daniel C Sullivan	do
Stephen Geary	Gilmore City
Vincent Davidson	do
Lee & Friedman	Red Rock
Fred O'Brock	Kendall borough
M J Lawton & T W Potter	do
Seymour Patterson	do
G B Abbey & E Guan	do
K I Scott	Port Allegany, Liberty Tw'p
G W Wallbaeser	Duke Center Otto Twp
F A Chapman	do do
Chas W Bishop	Rixford do
James Cosley	do do
George W Boyer	do do
John C Dewitt	do do

WHOLESALE & RETAIL LICENSES.

Truman Stone	Bradford Boro
Heineman & Schlesinger	do
E Andrews	do
Trageiser & Parker	do
Frederick Schwartz	do
Chas Geary	Alton Lafayette Tw
Slimer & Whelead	Duke Center Otto Tw
E L Hoffman	Gilmor City, Bradford Tw'p
Jos A Gilmore, Ag't	Kendall Boro

BOTTLERS LICENSE.

J F Kelley & L H Hedges	Bradford Boro'

REFUSED.

Charles Sweeney	Bradford Boro
E A Hemingway	do
Jno G King & Jno Keown	do
Pardon Worsley, Gilmor City	Bradford Tp.
James M Matteson	Eldred Township
Lathe Moore & Wm. Boyington	do
John A McOmber	do
Leo Bickart (Wholesale & retail)	Bradford Boro
John Hazo	do do do
Jno Dreingool	do do do

WITHDRAWN.

R Larrabee	Eldred Township
Fred W Hepp (Eating House)	Bradford Boro

CONTINUED.

B C Mitchell	Bradford Boro

Grove Meeting.

There will be a grove meeting at Farmers Valley, near the depot, on Saturday and Sunday, the 29th and 30th inst., conducted by Rev. J. C. Whiteside. All are cordially invited to attend. Friends from a distance will be freely entertained.

BY ORDER COM.

Shakespeare's Last.

If you're a pilgrim and a stranger
And many miles from the farm,
Be you a producer or a granger
If you're at Olean stop with F. M. Arne.
Brunswick House Olean, N. Y.
31 tf

—A man named Steele was lately nominated for City Auditor of Buffalo. His name was against him, but in Buffalo they don't mind much about who a man is.

—When you go to Olean stop at the

FARM AND DAIRY.

Principles Governing the Production of Milk.

I understand very well as probably every man does who handles milk, that there is a wide difference in the composition of milk, especially in the matter of the percentage of butter. All milk is richer in September than in June, and it varies in this respect in different seasons in the same herd of cows. The circumstances which lead to this are many.—The cow that is fleshy gives milk richer in butter than the cow that is thin and poor. One that has reached her full maturity gives better milk than she did before she reached that age; a cow that is gaining flesh day by day gives richer milk than a cow that is losing gradually. The condition of the pastures has also much to do with the quality of the production. This condition is governed in turn by the season. Experience has taught me that a cow's milk very deficient in butter often fattens a finer calf than that of a first-class butter cow.—When a man tells me what a splendid fat calf his cow always rears I do not wish to purchase her for a butter cow.

A man cannot produce milk profitably for any purpose without feeding his cows liberally with good, sound, highly nutritious food. The cow has been likened to a machine. It requires a certain amount of food to supply the demands of nature. All above that amount which she will take and assimilate will be converted into milk and flesh. The herd should be kept warm in winter, and fed and watered with regularity. Their diet should be varied as much as convenience will allow. Early cut hay, shorts, corn, meal and vegetables should be included in the bill of fare, and we shall then be rewarded with milk in all the valuable components of the fluid.

On the other hand, the herd that is poorly fed, carelessly housed and cared for, cannot give anything but watery milk, almost worthless for butter or the table.—*Scientific Farmer.*

Which is Richest, Morning's or Evening's Milk?

The subject has now been put to test of chemical analysis, and the result is that the evening's milk is found to be the richer. Professor Boedaker analysed the milk of a healthy cow at different periods of the day. The Professor found that solids of the evening's milk (13 per cent.) exceeded those of the morning's milk (10 per cent.,) while the water contained in the fluid was diminished from 89 per cent. to 86 per cent. The fatty matter gradually increases as the day progresses. In the morning it amounts to 2¼ per cent., at noon 3¼ per cent. and in the evening 5½ per cent. The practical importance of this discovery is at once apparent; it develops the fact that while 16 oz. of morning's milk will yield but ½ oz. of butter, about double that quantity can be obtained from the evening's milk. The casein is also increased in the evening's milk from 2½ to 3¾ per cent., but the albumen is diminished from 44-1000 per cent. to 31-100 per cent. Sugar is less abundant at midnight (4¼ per cent.) and most plentiful at noon (4⅝ per cent.) The percentage of the salt undergoes almost no change at any time of day.—*Canada Globe.*

Anti-Bug Remedies.

In Lake county, Ohio, the farmers have abandoned the use of Paris Green, and do nothing to the potato bugs until the "slugs" or young ones appear, which do most of the destruction. Then they dissolve two or three pounds of alum in a barrel of water, and sprinkle the vines therewith. The result is death to the slugs.

For the bugs which eat young cucumber and melon vines, the best dose is said to be fine slacked lime dusted over the leaves. It is sure cure and don't hurt the vines a particle.

Concerning certain fruit tree pests, an exchange says: "Some of our people who complain of the curculio and other pestiferous insects on their small fruit trees, would do well to try the plan pursued by Dr. Babcock, of Gowanda. He builds a coop around the tree in which he keeps a few chickens. He states that on these trees he has discovered no beetles. He tried this plan first last spring, and was so well pleased with the result that he is giving it another trial now."

Use for Sawdust.

The London Field, one of the highest authorities says of sawdust: "I litter the horse on it to the depth of nine inches, raking off the damp and solid surface every morning, and spreading evenly a little fresh, removing the whole four or five times a year. Its advantages appear to be many, of which I will state a few which give it, in my estimation, its greatest superiority over straw. It is much cleaner and more easily arranged, and, of course, much cheaper at first cost; making in the end excellent manure It is peculiarly beneficial to the feet, affording them a cool porous stuffing, a substitute for the soil or earth we always find in the hoofs of a horse at grass, and presents the nearest resemblance to the horse's natural footing—the earth. We never had a diseased foot since the introduction of sawdust into the stable, some years since. Horses bedded on sawdust are freer from dust and stains than when on ordinary litter, simply because sawdust is a better absorbent, and they testify their approval of it by frequently lying down for hours in the day. It has also the recommendation of being unsaleable, an advantage which all in charge of horses with the habit of eating their litter will admit."

MANURE is wasted by exposure to washing rains, or by being tramped by stock in wet yards. It may easily lose three-fourths of its value in this way.

OLD decaying trees are frequently restored to vigor and productiveness by carefully pruning out all sickly and decayed limbs, and applying manure to the roots.

POULTRY manure pounded fine and mixed with twice its bulk of plaster makes an excellent fertilizer for corn—applied in the hill at planting, or on the surface after the corn is up.

NEVER plant a tree where a previous one has failed, unless the entire soil, beyond the reach of roots, be removed, and a fresh supply returned. For some cause a second tree in the same spot will not survive.

Writing for the Press.

Punch's advice to those about to marry is, "Don't!" To ninety-nine out of every hundred would-be contributors to the press, Dr. Matthews gives the same laconic answer. This sparkling writer embodies some of his own experience as connected not only with the University of Chicago, but with its newspaper enterprises, under the taking title of "Hours with Men and Books." As a professor of rhetoric, he is supposed to know how to express thought with felicity and with vigor. As a man of some journalistic experience he is fitted to give advice. Nobody knows, he says, how clamorous and constant are the appeals from male and female contributors, daily received at a newspaper office. They climb up the dingy stairs to the editorial den, with their poetry or prose, and coax and implore the managers to buy or at least print their "pieces." Having given the inexorable "No," he adds a few words of advice. We quote the substance:

1. Consider well whether you have the peculiar qualifications for a newspaper writer. As Carlyle says of needle women in England, "There are botches in abundance, but few or no seamstresses," so of writers for the press. Though one may have skill as an author, or even magazine writer, he may fail in writing for the newspaper is "a map of busy life," so its contents must be such as will catch attention. Thought must be packed into a small compass. As Virgil says of farms, "Admire long articles; cultivate short ones."

2. Be sure you have something to say, and say it. Waste no time on introductions. Plunge into the heart of the subject. Strike the key-note, if possible, in the first sentence. A spicy beginning, that whets the appetite, commends the article to the editor and reader. Be crisp and brief. Give results, not processes. Don't serve with the pear, both oyster and shell.

3. Put your points clearly and sharply. Let every word leap with life. Condense, condense, condense. Some explain things to death.

4. Above all, stop when you are done. Be suggestive rather than exhausting. Leave off the beginning, the conclusion, and make the middle as short as possible. Carefully correct your articles as to spelling and punctuation. Write plainly on one side of small sheets. Put fire in your writing, or your writings will be put into the fire.

The Assassination of Lincoln.

A Statement by John W. Ford, the Proprietor of the Theatre.

The Baltimore *Gazette* contains the report of an interview with John W. Ford, who was in 1865, the manager of the theatre in which President Lincoln was murdered. Mr. Ford makes one statement that is new. He says:

"Booth must have written between the time when he parted with his co-conspirators and the hour he again appeared at the the theatre a lengthy statement for publication, excusing his intended crime by Roman precedent. When dying he referred to it for his justification. He gave on the evening of the 14th a package to an actor, directing its delivery the next day to *The National Intelligencer*. The actor confesses that he, frightened at the risk he ran, broke the seal, read the enclosed matter, and at midnight burnt it. If that package had been preserved it would have revealed the declaration that until noon that day its writer had not premeditated murder, but feeling deeply the humiliation of the South, to the people of which he bore all the love that Brutus ever felt for Rome, he would strike down that night the leading men of the victorious hosts who were then shouting their paeans of triumph.

When dying—with his face lit up with the blaze of the burning barn upon the Garrett farm, just at the break of day on the morning of April 24, he muttered some words, a soldier bent over him and caught them from his fast falling breath. First, a message for his mother, 'Tell her I did it as I thought for the best,' and then he said, 'Tell others that the communication I addressed to the *National Intelligencer*, will explain why I did what I did.' During the conspiracy trial at the arsenal, the Hon. Joseph Holt, the judge advocate, called John F. Coyle, then the publisher of the *National Intelligencer*, and asked if that communication had ever been received? His reply was No. It was, continued Mr. Ford, burnt in the grate of a chamber of a boarding-house, and a Catholic priest now living in Washington had the fact confessed to him soon afterward. I had the occurrence revealed to me—with the added information of the confession—by the party who was the custodian of the package. This fully sustains my theory that John Wilkes Booth had not contemplated the assassination of President Lincoln when he met Mrs. Surratt at midday, and he *never met her again.*

Notes on the Month of June.

In June men never get drunk. It is called a sunstroke.

In June a dog is knocked in the head if he dares to hang out his tongue.

In June people suffer from indigestion, associated with strawbery festivals.

In June the annual eruption of school essays and orations take place.

In June a man can avoid his creditors by walking on the sunny side of the street.

In June boys run away from Sunday school and go a-fishing—and everyone gets drowned.

In June all that a young man can earn, that will he give to satisfy his love's longing for ice cream.

In June black raspberries are plentiful upon tea tables, and life resolves itself into a fierce struggle to recover the seeds from one's teeth.

In June the mower goes forth to mow. Presently the rattling, whirring machine gathers him in. They bear the slices to the weeping widow.

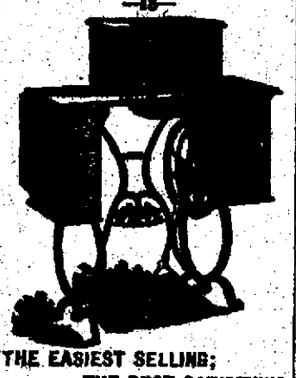
In June it takes two men to keep a street car in motion. One beats the horse with a hoop pole, and the other sops his brow with ice water,

In June it is too warm to work, but almost any honest, earnest, devout American will sit a whole afternoon in the sun to see a base ball match.

In June young men buy bouquets of roses, hang sweet verses to them and send them to their girls. The old man receives the roses and tosses them into the alley.

The White

—IS—



THE EASIEST SELLING;
THE BEST SATISFYING

Sewing Machine.

Its introduction and world-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines.

THERE ARE NO SECOND HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.

This is a very important matter, as it is a well-known and undisputed fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered as cheap new-a-days are those that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after sale) and rebuilt and put upon the market as new.

THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.
IT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEED MAKE.
IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE ABOVE NAMED MACHINES.
ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE.
ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED.

Do not Buy any other before trying THE WHITE.

Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory.

AGENTS WANTED!

White Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, O.

Miscellaneous.

M. L. ARMSTRONG
Dealer in

AND
ELGIN WATCHES.

Agent for
ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS
in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER ILLS,

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Bilious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 20 N. 4th St. Phila. 15-39 y 1

PHOTOGRAPHS
AND
FERREOTYPES.

Mr. E. G. Hambleton,
OF EAST AURORA, N. Y.,
Would respectfully announce to the people of

SMETHPORT

and vicinity that he will occupy the

Photograph Gallery

in Smethport, on King Street, north of the Court House, on

MONDAY, MAY 20th,

where he will be pleased to execute orders for any and all styles of Pictures, from

$35 DOWN TO 25cts,

and will guarantee satisfaction.

He will remain but a few weeks, and those wishing work done should

CALL EARLY.

CARL SASSE
House Painter and Decorator,
Smethport, Pa.

PAINTING AND GRAINING

in all styles done to order.

BLACK WALNUT, CHESTNUT, OAK, ASH, &c., imitated perfectly.

Kalsomining and Paper Hanging

in every style.

SIGN PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

Important to Horse Breeders.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the owners and breeders of horses of McKean county, that the celebrated

INBRED STALLION,

Hambletonian Prince, Jr.,

is now in charge of Mr. C. F. Adams, and will make the season of 1878 in Smethport and vicinity, as advertised by handbills

All admirers of well bred stock are respectfully invited to examine this horse, or his stock, on the farms of

ERASTUS CURTIS AND E. F. RICHMOND.

For particulars as to Pedigree, Dates and Terms see large bills, or address

C. F. ADAMS,
Smethport, Pa.

W. O. CONOVER,
Smethport, Pa. April 11,—3t-pd

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

MRS. J. E. SHOEMAKER,
TEACHER OF
Instumental & Vocal Music

in all its Branches, including THOROUGH BASS

Having an experience of many years as a musical instructor she feels safe in assuring entire satisfaction.

TERMS—$10 per term of 24 lessons

Lines of Travel.

Smethport & McK. & B. Depot 'Bus

Stages run to and from all regular trains until further notice a conveyance will leave the Kennett House and Wright House as follow

7:45 and 11:15 a.m. & 2:00 p.m.

All orders left at the post office or either of the above hotels will receive prompt attention.

F. VICKERY, Proprietor.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD
Time table went into effect Friday, March 5, 1878, at 6.30, o'clock a.m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Larrabee.....Leave	11.20 a.m.	6.20 a.m.
Frisbee	11.28	1.35 †....
Farmers Valley	11.36	5.43 †....
Smethport	11.56	6.00 †....
Crosby	12.11 *	6.15 *
Colegrove	12.15	6.19 †
Hamlin	12.19 *	6.23 *
Warsaw	12.44 *	6.48 *
Clermont.....Arrive	....	7.00 ....

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Clermont.....Leaves	1.30 p.m.	7.30 a.m.
Warsaw	1.35 *	7.35 *
Hamlin	1.46 *	7.46 †
Colegrove	1.50	7.50 †....
Crosby	1.55 *	8.01 †
Smethport	2.12	8.20 ....
Farmers Valley	2.25	8.33 ....
Frisbee	2.33	8.41 ....
Larrabee.....Arrive	2.40	8.50 ....

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

A. V. GODDEN,
Superintendent

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'Y.

March 3, 1879.

TRAINS RUN ON BUFFALO TIME.

NO TRAINS ON SUNDAY.

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Buffalo 7.45 a. m.—Mail—Arriving at Ebenezer, 8.02; Springbrook, 8.21; Jamison's, 8.31; Aurora, 8.50; Wales, 8.43; Holland, 8.53; Protection, 9.03; Arcade, 9.13; Yorkshire, 9.25; Machias, 9.30; Franklinville, 9.43; Ischua, 9.53; Hinsdale, 10.13; Erie R'y Junct., 10.25; Olean, 10.30; Weston's, 10.39; Portville, 10.45; State Line, 10.55; Kidred, 11.00; Larrabees, 11.15; Bartwell, 11.29; Turtle Point, 11.37; Port Allegany, 11.50; Liberty, 12.05; Keating, 12.08; Shippen, 12.23; P. M. Emporium, 12.35; connecting at Olean with Erie Railway East and West; and with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. for the New Oil Territory, arriving at Bradford at 12.15; p.m. at Larrabees with McKean & Buffalo R. R.; at Emporium with Philadelphia & Erie R. R.

Leave Buffalo 4.25 p. m.—Port Allegany Express—Arriving at Ebenezer, 4.39; Springbrook, 4.57; Elma, 5.06; Jamison's, 5.14; Aurora, 5.23; Wales, 5.33; Holland, 5.46; Protection, 5.55; Arcade, 6.09; Yorkshire, 6.17; Machias, 6.30; Franklinville, 6.42; Ischua, 7.01; Hinsdale, 7.14; Erie R'y Junct 7.27; Olean, 7.30; Westons, 7.40; Portville, 7.47; State Line, 7.56; Kidred, 8.11; Larrabees, 8.21; Bartwell, 8.27; Turtle Point, 8.32; Port Allegany, 8.45; p.m. connecting at Olean with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. arriving in Bradford at 8.25 p.m.

Leave Buffalo 4.25 p. m.—Port Allegany Express—Arriving at Ebenezer, 4.39; Springbrook, 4.57; Elma, 5.06; Jamison's, 5.14; Aurora, 5.23; Wales, 5.33; Holland, 5.46; Protection, 5.55; Arcade, 6.09; Yorkshire, 6.17; Machias, 6.30; Franklinville, 6.42; Ischua, 7.01; Hinsdale, 7.14; Erie R'y Junct 7.27; Olean, 7.30; Westons, 7.40; Portville, 7.47; State Line, 7.56; Kidred, 8.11; Larrabees, 8.21; Bartwell, 8.27; Turtle Point, 8.32; Port Allegany, 8.45; p.m. connecting at Olean with Olean, Bradford & Warren R. R. arriving in Bradford at 8.25 p.m.

NORTHWARD.

Leave Port Allegany 6.25 a. m.—Express.—Arriving at Turtle Point 6.49; Bartwell, 6.54; Larrabees, 7.02; Kidred, 7.13 State Line, 7.30; Portville, 7.38; Weston's, 7.43; Olean, 7.50; Erie R'y Junct, 8.04; Hinsdale, 8.19; Ischua, 8.31; Franklinville, 8.45; Machias, 8.56; Yorkshire, 9.10; Arcade, 9.20; Protection, 9.37; Holland, 9.47; Wales, 9.56; Aurora, 10.10; Buffalo, 10.50 a.m. The Olean, Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 6.00 a.m., makes direct connection at Olean with this train.

Leave Emporium 1.25 p. m.—Mail—Arriving at Shippen, 1.41; Keating, 1.58; Liberty, 2.07; Port Allegany, 2.35; Turtle Point, 2.39; Bartwell, 2.48; Larrabees, 2.59; Kidred, 3.09; state Line, 3.12; Portville, 3.20 Westons, 3.28; Olean, 3.40; Erie R'y Junct, 3.44; Hinsdale, 3.56; Ischua, 4.10; Franklinville, 4.27; Machias, 4.43; Yorkshire, 4.52; Arcade, 5.09; Protection, 5.18; Holland, 5.28; Wales, 5.35; Aurora, 5.48; Jamison,s, 6.05; Elma, 6.17; Springbrook, 6.25; Ebenezer, 6.41; Buffalo, 6.20 p.m. P. & E. R. R. train from the East and South makes direct connection at Emporium with the above train, as do also the McKean & Buffalo R.R. train at Larrabees, the Erie Railway trains from the East and West at Olean, Bradford & Warren train leaving Bradford at 2.00 p.m.

ERIE RAILWAY.

Abstract of Time Table, Adopted November, 18, 1877.

PULLMAN'S BEST DRAWING ROOM and SLEEPING COACHES, combining all Modern Improvements, are run through without change between Salamanca, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago and New York. Hotel Dining Coaches between Chicago and New York.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS	No. 6, †	No. 12.*	No. 4.	No. 8,
Dunkirk, Lve		1.05 p. m.		7.05 a. m.
Le Val, "		2.5 "		8.48 "
Cincin'i "		8.40 "		
Cleveland "		7.00a. m.		
Salam'ca "		3.55 p. m.		9.15 "
Olean "		4.19 "		10.01 "
Cuba "		4.50 "		10.33 "
Genesee "		5.20 "		11.10 "
Andover "				12.15 pm
Buffalo Arr.				
Niag'a Falls "				
M'lle L've	3.40pm	4.25 p m	12.40pm	1.00
Elmira Arr.	10.30 "	9.40 "	2.30 "	4.30
Binghamton	201.40pm	12.45 "	6.25 "	7.30
P'k Jervis"	4.45 "	3.30 a m	8.25 "	
New York"	7.40pm	7.35 a m	12.30p m	

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS EASTWARD.

4.55 a m, except Sundays from Dunkirk. Stopping at Sheridan 5.15, Forestville 5.30, Smith's Mills 5.38, Perrysburg 5.47, Dayton 7.05, Cattaraugus 8.05, Little Valley 8.20, Salamanca 8.35, Great Valley 10.07, Carrollton 10.25, Vandalia 11.00, Allegany 11.05 a m, Olean 12.05, Hinsdale 12.25, Cuba 1.15, Friendship 2.35, Belvidere 3.05, Phillipsville 3.25, Scio 3.45, Genesee 4.05, Andover 5.40, Alfred 6.00, Almond 6.25, and arriving at Hornellsville at 7.00 p m.

6.00 a m, daily from Dunkirk, stopping at Sheridan 6.20, Forestville 6.30, Smith's Mills 6.38, Perrysburg 6.47, Dayton 7.05, Cattaraugus 8.05, Little Valley 8.20, 6 m. Salamanca 8.35, Great Valley 10.07, Carrollton 10.25, Vandalia 10.57, Allegany 11.05, Olean 12.05, Hinsdale 12.25, Cuba 1.15, Friendship 2.35; Belvidere 3.05, Phillipsville 3.25, Scio 3.45, Genesee 4.05, Andover 5.40, Alfred 6.00, Almond 6.25, arriving at Hornellsville at 7.00 p m.

6.15 p m, daily from Salamanca, stopping for passengers, having tickets, at Olean 8.05, and Genesee 11.10 p m, arriving at Hornellsville 1.30 a.

9.15 p m, daily from Dunkirk, stopping at Sheridan 9.30, Forestville 9.40, Smith's Mills 9.50, Perrysville 10.10, Dayton 10.25, Cattaraugus 11.20, Little Valley 11.34 and arriving at Salamanca at 1.40 p m.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	No. 5.*	No. 9, †	No.
New Y'k L've	7.00 p.m.	7.00 p.m.	8.00a.m.
P't Jervis "	10.55 "	11.00 "	12.12 p m
M'lle L've	8.15 a m	12.20 p m	2.55 pm
Andover L've	.....	3.15 p m	.....
Genesee "	5.17 "	1.24 "	5.07 pm
Cuba "	10.17 "	2.00 "	10.55 "
Olean "	10.40 "	2.22 "	11.16 "
G't Valley "	11.11 "	2.50 "	.....
Salamanca Arr.	11.25 "	3.05 "	11.50 "
Cleveland "	7.20 p m	.....	.....
Cincinnati "	5.30 a m	.....	.....
G't Valley L've	11.27 p m	4.15 a m	12.22 am
Dunkirk Arr.	1.50 "	6.50 p.m	5.00 "

ADDITIONAL LOCAL TRAINS WESTWARD

2.40 a m, daily from Hornellsville, stopping at Canisteo 4.00, Olean 5.35, and arriving at Salamanca at 10.45 a m.

4.30 a m, except Sundays from Hornellsville, stopping at Almond 4.55, Alfred 5.25, Andover 5.40, Genesee 7.22, Scio 7.40, Phillipsville 8.07, Belvidere 8.20, Friendship 8.35, Cuba 8.50, Hinsdale 9.05, Olean 11.30, Allegany 11.45, a m, Yorkshire 12.07, Carrollton 12.15, Great Valley 1.30, Salamanca 1.50, Little Valley 2.05, Cattaraugus 2.30, Dayton 3.05, Perrysburg 3.22, Smith's Mills 3.41, Forestville 3.50, Sheridan 4.05, and arriving at Dunkirk at 5.30 p m.

12.30 p m, daily from Hornellsville, stopping at Almond 12.55, Alfred 13.15, Andover 1.30, Genesee 1.54, Scio 1.56, Phillipsville 1.41, Belvidere 1.58, Friendship 2.13, Cuba 2.25, Hinsdale 2.37, Olean 2.50, Allegany 3.05, Yorkshire 3.35, Carrollton 3.53, Great Valley 3.58, Salamanca 4.07, Little Valley 4.18, Cattaraugus 4.3 Dayton 4.53, Perrysburg 5.02, Smith's Mills 5.17, Forestville 5.28, Sheridan 5.35, and arriving at Dunkirk 5.45, p m.

7.10 p m, daily, except Sundays from Hornellsville, stopping at Genesee 8.01, Belvidere 8.18, Olean 8.35, Carrollton 8.53, and arriving at Salamanca at 9.30 p m.

8.35 p m, daily from Hornellsville, stopping at Genesee 8.57, Belvidere 10.16, Cuba 10.36, Olean 11.05, Salamanca 11.55, Little Valley 12.25, Cattaraugus 12.47, and arriving at Dunkirk at 2.30 am.

o Daily.
† Daily between Salamanca and New York.
‡ Daily between Port Jervis and Dunkirk.

Tickets to all points at the very Lowest Rates, for sale at the Company's offices.

Baggage will be checked only on tickets purchased at the Company's office.

JOHN N. ABBOTT, Gen'l Pas'ger Agent.

Miscellaneous.

Men make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta Maine.

Miscellaneous.

M. A. SPRAGUE,

—DEALER IN—

HARDWARE

STOVES, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

THE FOLLOWING LIST COMPRISES SOME OF THE MANY ARTICLES CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

Adzes, Axes, Augers, Auger Bits, Awls, Axle Clips, Axle Grease, Apple Parers, Barndoor Hinges, Barndoor Rails, Barndoor Rollers, Bean Knobs, Bath Brick, Bed Castors, Bell Cords, Beef Pounders, Belts, Bench Hooks, Bench Screws, Bevels, Bits, Blacking, Blind Butts, Blind Staples, Bolts of all kinds, Bootjacks, Borax, Boring Machines, Brushes, Buckets, Bull Rings, Butts of all kinds, Candlesticks, Cake Turners, Calipers, Carpet Stretchers, Cartridges, Castors, Catches, Cattle Leaders, Chains of all kinds, Chalk Lines, Chalk, Crayons, Chisels of all kinds, Clamps, Cleavers, Clothes Lines, Clothes Wringers, Coal Hods, Coffee Mills, Corn Cutters, Corn Poppers, Crowbars, Curry combs, Curtain Pins, Cutlery, Dippers, Dividers, Dog Collars, Draw Shaves, Egg Beaters, Expansive Bits, Faucets, Felloe Plates, Files, Fluting Machines, Forks of all kinds, Fruzers, Fry Pans, Gate Hinges, Gauges, Gimlets, Glazier's Point, Glue, Glue Pots, Grain Sieves, Gridirons, Gunpowder, Grindstones, Gun Nipples, Hammers, Hand Vises, Handles of all kinds, Hasps and Staples, Hatchets, Hay Knives, Hinges of all kinds, Hoes, Hooks of all kinds, Horse Pokes, Horse Rakes, Horse Hoes, Iron of all kinds—Sad, Pinking, Waffle and Tuyere, Kettles, Keys, Knives, Lamps, Lasters, Levels, Locks, Mallets, Match Safes, Measuring Tapes, Meat Cutters, Molasses Gates, Mop Sticks, Mouse Traps, Mowing Machines, Nails, Oils, Oilers, Oil Stones, Picks, Picture Nails, Pianos, Pulleys, Pumps, Plows, Rakes, Reamers, Rivets, Ropes, Rules, Satety Fuse, Sandpaper, Sandpumps, Saws of all kinds, Scissors, Scraps — Coal and Grain, Screwdrivers, Screws, Scythes, Sheep Shears, Shot, Shovels, Sieves, Spades, Spoons, Squares, Stoves, Tacks, Tea Kettles, Tobacco Boxes, Toe Calks, Tongs, Trowels, Tinware of all kinds, Vises, Varnish, Wad Cutters, Washers, Whiffletree Hooks, White Lead, Wrenches, Monkey, Wheelbarrows, etc.

Main St. - Smethport, Pa.

BUFFALO EXPRESS.

ESTABLISHED 1846 - - NEW ISSUE, 1878.

An Independent Republican Journal

WHICH AIMS TO BE

"THE NEATEST AND BRIGHTEST, BRAVEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER EVER PUBLISHED IN BUFFALO."

ENLARGED AND IMPROVED

DAILY { ISSUED EVERY MORNING EXCEPT SUNDAYS. } $8 A YEAR
WEEKLY { ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDY IN TIME FOR EARLY TRAINS. } $1 A YEAR

The Publisher prepays the postage on al papers sent by mail.

SUBSCRIPTIONS CAN BEGIN AT ANY TIME.

ANY TIME IS A GOOD TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

CONDENSED OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

ALBANY JOURNAL.—This advance, following so soon after its transformation, is a gratifying proof of its popularity and success. A paper as distinctive as it is attractive.

TROY TIMES.—It is a model newspaper, and has met with a remarkable degree of success.

ELMIRA ADVERTISER.—Readers of the Express admire its independence, its bold charges for the right, the sterling and the true in politics and morals

SYRACUSE JOURNAL.—With a strong corps of able editors, sound political principle underlying, and bright newsy paragraphs, it deserves well of the people.

UTICA HERALD.—The Express is pignant and positive and keeps up with all the news. The people are willing to pay a fair price for a paper that has all the news.

NEW-YORK COMMERCIAL.—The bright and sparkling Buffalo Express comes to us enlarged and with other evidences of prosperity.

ROCHESTER EXPRESS.—One of the handsomest papers in the country, and it is as good as it looks.

BINGHAMTON REPUBLICAN.—Enlarged and very materially improved. It is one of the foremost and brightest papers in the State.

LOCKPORT TIMES.—It is but just to say that the prosperity of The Express is to be attributed to its merits.

SARATOGIAN.—It is to-day the peer of any journal in the State, and is as stalwart in its Republicanism as it is clear, from fresh and vigorous in its discussions on the topics of the time.

WASHINGTON NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.—It is a very lively, sprightly, newsy and independent Republican journal.

ROCHESTER HERALD.—Deserves all the good fortune that has come to it or many visit it hereafter.

ROCHESTER UNION-ADVER.—A most admirably conducted newspaper, with a rare combination of culture, dignity, independence, spiciness and ready tact.

WARREN MAIL.—It is an able, wide-awake and independent Republican journal, richly deserving its large and increasing patronage.

ALLEGANY REPORTER.—Certainly the handsomest Daily in the State, and edited with rare ability.

AMERICAN RURAL HOME.—Full to the brim of interesting matter, most carefully edited, and printed in a style unsurpassable. A genuine treat to read it.

JAMESTOWN JOURNAL.—Bright, attractive, energetic, able, occasionally inconsistent, sometimes unscrupulous, and always interesting. Better than ever.

POTTER JOURNAL.—We heartily commend it to all who like to read a straight-forward, wide-awake, backbone Republican journal—edited with pluck, brains and force.

LOCKPORT JOURNAL.—Enlarged to the equivalent of an entire page. Bright, crisp, and newsy. The fact is, in brief, The Express people are making a good newspaper.

LYONS REPUBLICAN.—One of the largest and very best daily newspapers in the State. Editorially, typographically and in every way it is a model newspaper.

THERE IS NO BETTER MEDIUM OF ADVERTISING IN WESTERN NEW-YORK. RATES AS LOW AS THOSE CHARGED BY ANY FIRST-CLASS NEWSPAPER.

Specimen Copies Sent Gratis.

FURTHER INFORMATION CHEERFULLY GIVEN AT THE COUNTING-ROOM,

No. 179 Washington St., Washington Block.

All communications for the BUFFALO EXPRESS, whether relating to subscriptions, advertising or editorial matter, should be addressed to

J. N. Matthews,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

CHEAP
KANSAS LANDS!!

We own and control the Railway Lands of TREGO COUNTY, KANSAS, about equally divided by the Kansas Pacific Railway, which we are selling at from $2.50 to $5.00 per acre, on easy terms of payment. These lands are of the very best quality and are located in the best winter wheat and stock growing district of the United States. Alternate sections of Government land can be taken as homesteads by actual settlers. Members of our firm reside at WAKEENEY and will show lands at all times. A pamphlet giving full information of soil climate, water supply, railroads, &c., will be sent free on request. Address WARREN, KECKLEY & CO.,
186 Dearborn street, Chicago.
15-46tm] Or Wm. Keckley, Trego Co., Kansas

IS THERE
TROUBLE
IN YOUR
FAMILY?
TAKE THE
MINER
AND SETTLE IT.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

FOR THE

SPRING TRADE.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

Are now showing all the novelties of the season in their different Departments. We have largely increased many of our lines of goods, and have attractions and bargains to offer in all. Feeling the desirability of increasing our acquaintance with the

McKEAN COUNTY PUBLIC,

and appreciating the fact that it can only be done on merit, we are offering large inducements in the way of good goods at very low prices. We have a full assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRESS GOODS,

and make a specialty of

BLACK SILKS & CASHMERES.

Our lines of

TRIMMINGS, FANCY GOODS

Shawls & Cloaks,

are New and Complete.

We have Bargains to offer in

HAMBURG EDGES, LINENS,

CORSETS & KID GLOVES.

KID GLOVES AT 50 CENTS

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

is unusually full, and the prices are many of them lower than ever before. We have unusual facilities this spring for doing all our old Customers good, and will be pleased to add many new ones.

R. O. SMITH & CO.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING

DRUG STORE OF THE COUNTY,

No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Stationery, Envelopes, Etc.

ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES and LIQUORS, Etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

FREE A VALUABLE INVENTION.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

WILSON SEWING MACHINE

in workmanship is equal to a Chronometer Watch, and as elegantly finished as a first-class Piano. It received the highest awards at the Vienna and Centennial Expositions. IT SEWS ONE-FOURTH FASTER than other machines. Its capacity is unlimited. There are more WILSON MACHINES sold in the United States than the combined sales of all the others. The WILSON MENDING ATTACHMENT for doing all kinds of repairing, WITHOUT PATCHING, given FREE with each machine.

AGENTS WANTED.

WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.

827 & 829 Broadway, New York; New Orleans, La.; Cor. State & Madison Sts., Chicago, Ill.; and San Francisco, Cal.

For Sale by all First-Class Dealers.

THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

is the only paper published at the county seat, the oldest, leading, and best paper in the county, and the Pioneer Journals of Northern Pennsylvania. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican Party. Its circulation is very large and steadily increasing, and as an Advertising Med